

2025

RENEWABLE ELECTRICITY BULLETIN

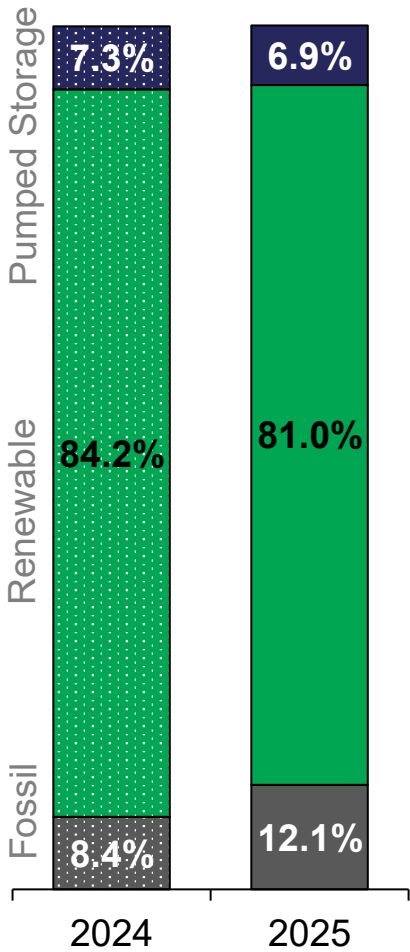
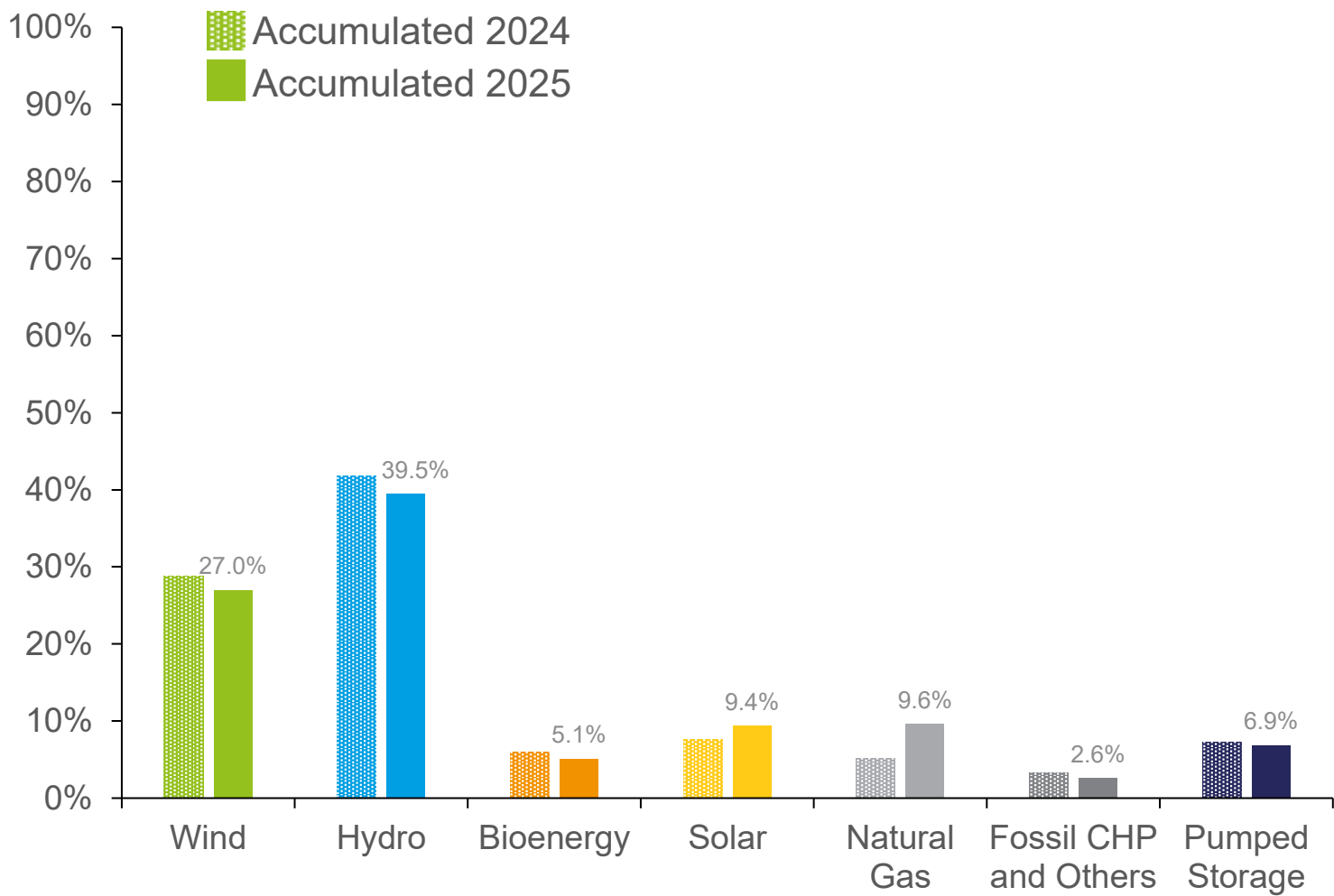
MAY
2025

PORTUGAL NEEDS
OUR ENERGY

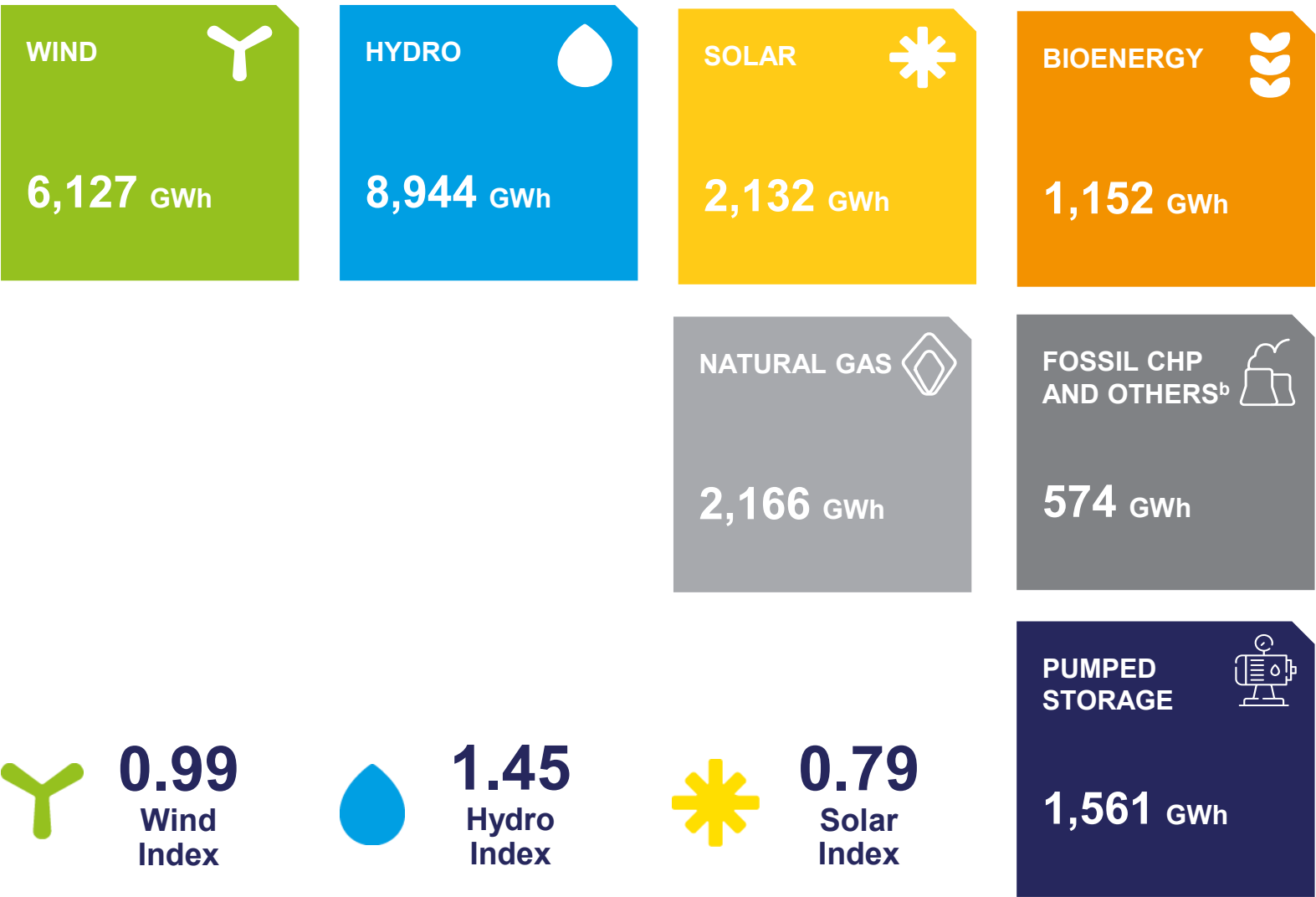


APREN Associação
de Energias
Renováveis

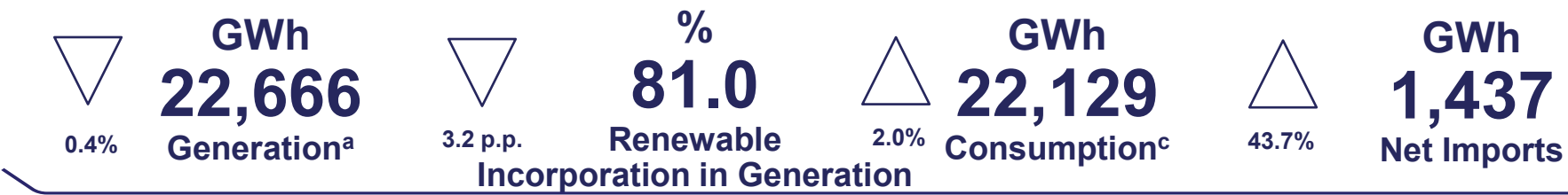
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY
CUMULATIVE GENERATION MAY 2025



MAIN INDICATORS



COMPARING TO THE SAME PERIOD IN 2024



^a Generation refers to the net energy generation of the power stations, considering the pumping production recently disclosed by REN. Production from pumping is not included in the percentage of production from renewable sources.
^b Includes fuel oil, diesel, the non-biodegradable fraction of MSW and new waste.
^c Consumption refers to the net generation of energy by power stations, considering the import-export balance.
Source: REN, APREN Analysis

MONTHLY ANALYSIS IN MAINLAND PORTUGAL

MAY 2025

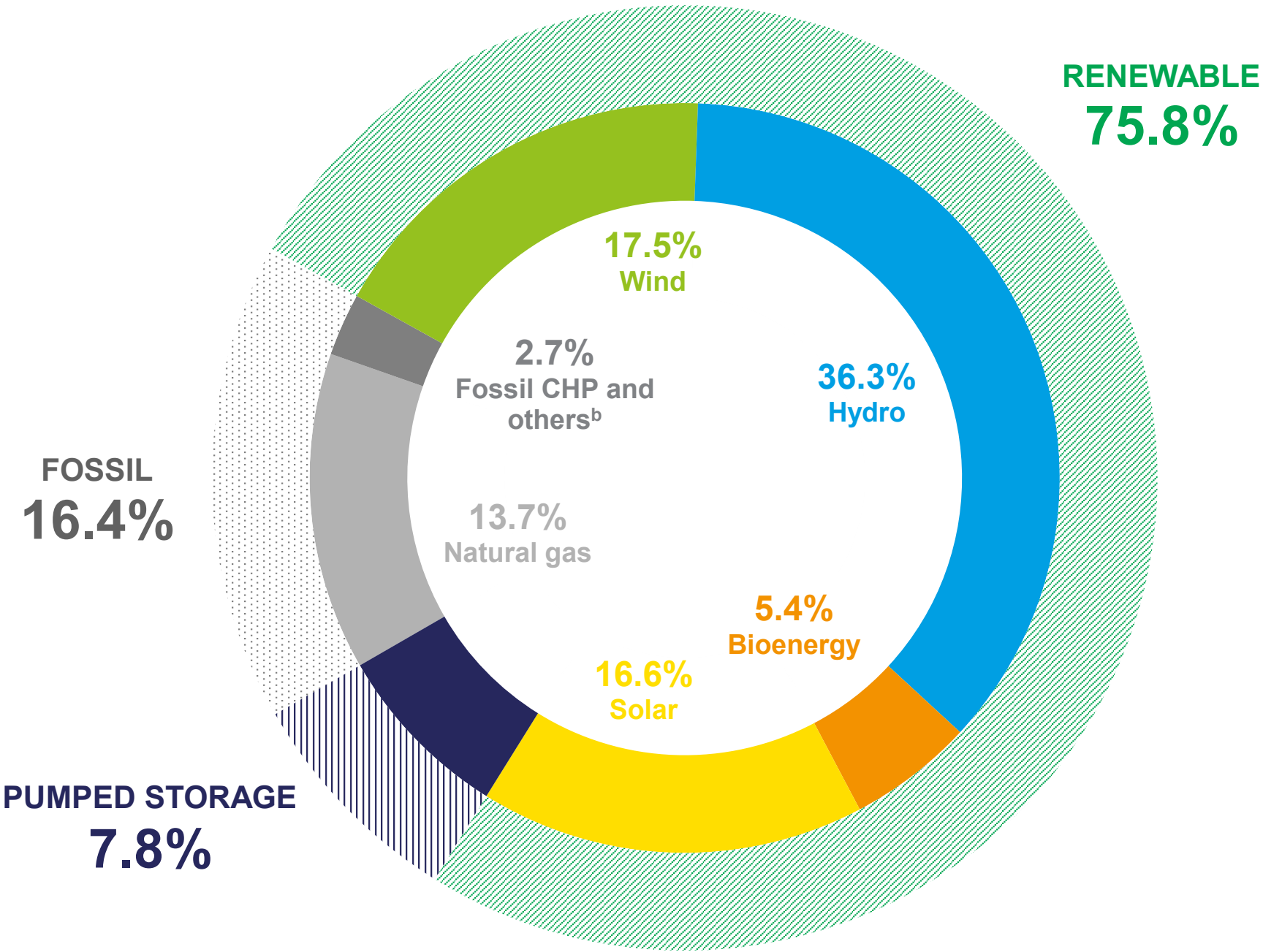
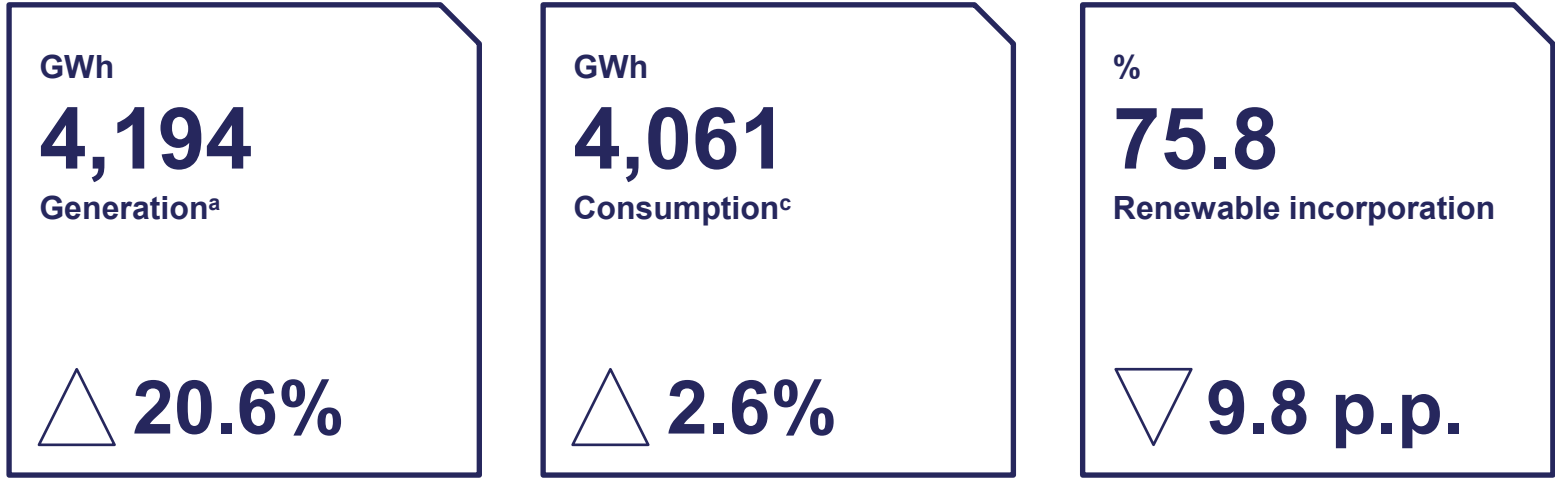
Between 1 and 31 May 2025, the **renewable incorporation** equaled 75.8%, making up 3,179 GWh of the 4,194 GWh produced in the month under review.

Compared to May 2024, there was a 20.6% increase in national electricity production. This was due to an increment of 545 GWh from hydro and 556 GWh from natural gas generation, which were technologies that had a relevant role in the restart and stabilisation of the national electricity system after the “blackout” event occurred on the 28th of April.

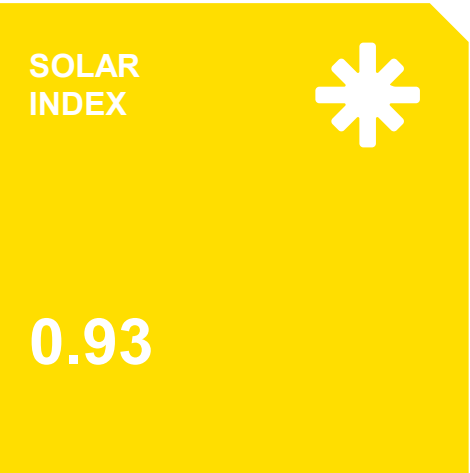
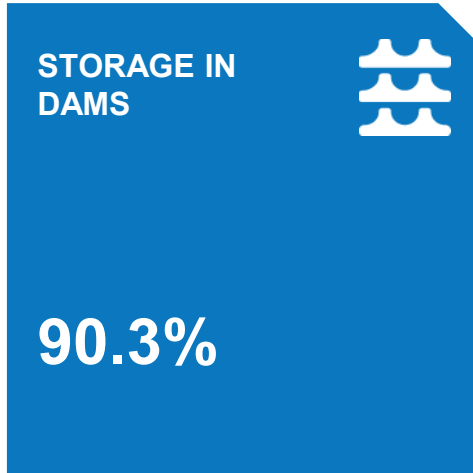
In May 2025, **imports** totaled 6.6% of the electricity consumption in mainland Portugal.

There was also no production curtailment in May.

MAIN INDICATORS COMPARING TO MAY 2024



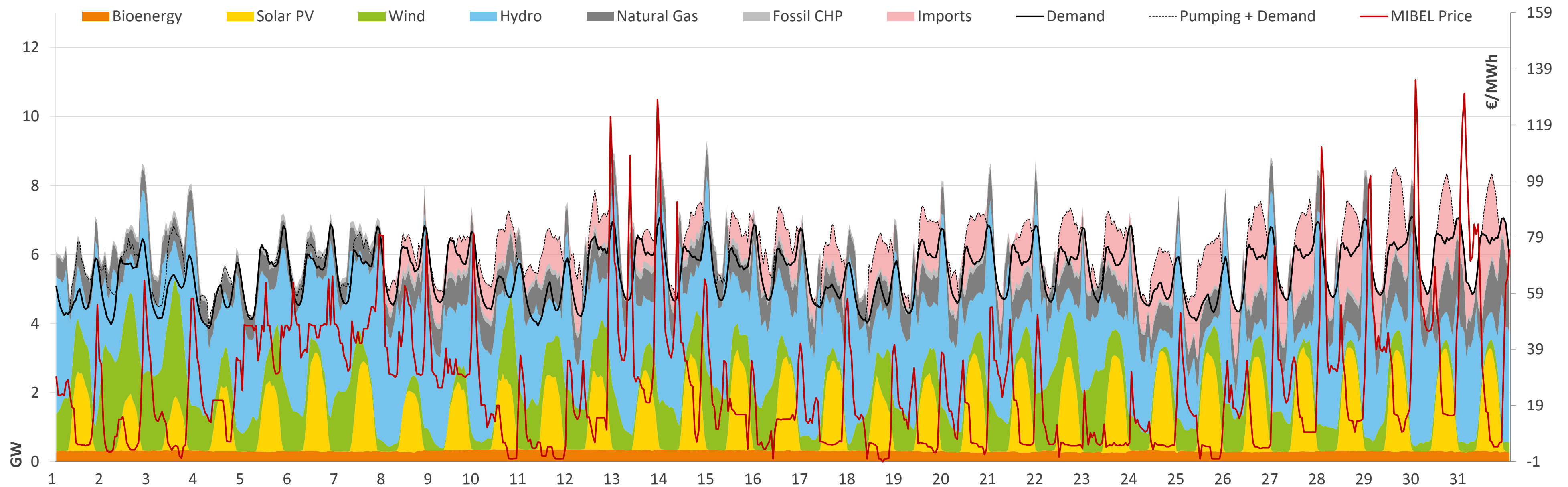
RENEWABLE
75.8%



^a Generation refers to the net energy generation of the power stations, considering the pumping production recently disclosed by REN. Production from pumping is not included in the percentage of production from renewable sources.
^b Includes fuel oil, diesel, the non-biodegradable fraction of MSW and new waste.
^c Consumption refers to the net generation of energy by power stations, considering the import-export balance.
Source: REN, APREN Analysis

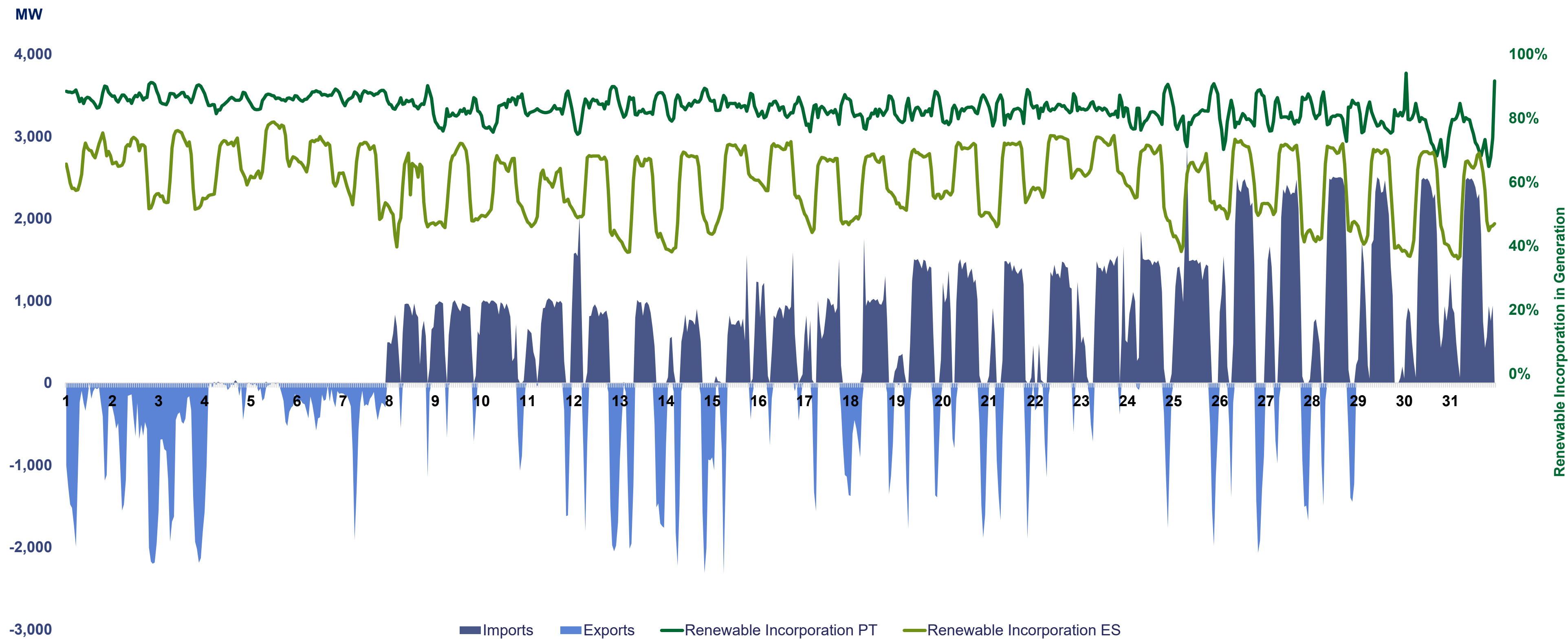
MONTHLY ANALYSIS IN MAINLAND PORTUGAL

LOAD DIAGRAM FOR MAY 2025



MONTHLY ANALYSIS IN MAINLAND PORTUGAL

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS DIAGRAM



Source: REN, APREN Analysis

Note: The absence of imports from Spain during the first days of May is due to the stabilisation process of the National Electricity System following the blackout event on 28 April (also visible in the Load diagram presented earlier).

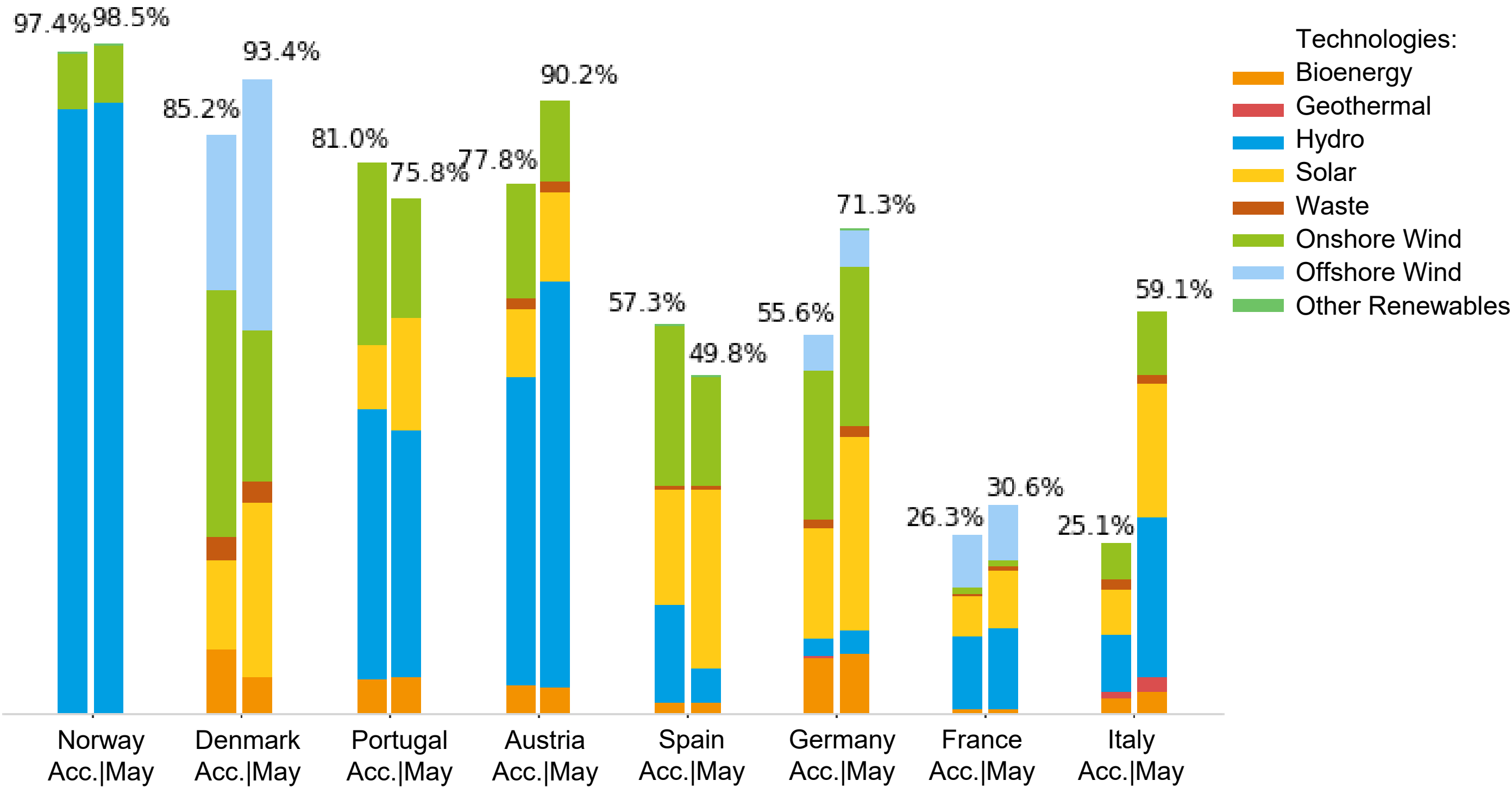
RENEWABLE ELECTRICITY

EUROPE

In this analysis, only the main countries in the different European markets were considered, in order to obtain a representative overview for comparison.

Between 1 January and 31 May 2025, Portugal was the third country with the highest **share of renewable energy in electricity generation**, with 81.0%, behind Norway and Denmark, which had 97.4% and 85.2%, respectively.

The renewable technology with the largest share of the European electricity generation mix this month was hydro, followed by onshore wind, with solar becoming more significant.

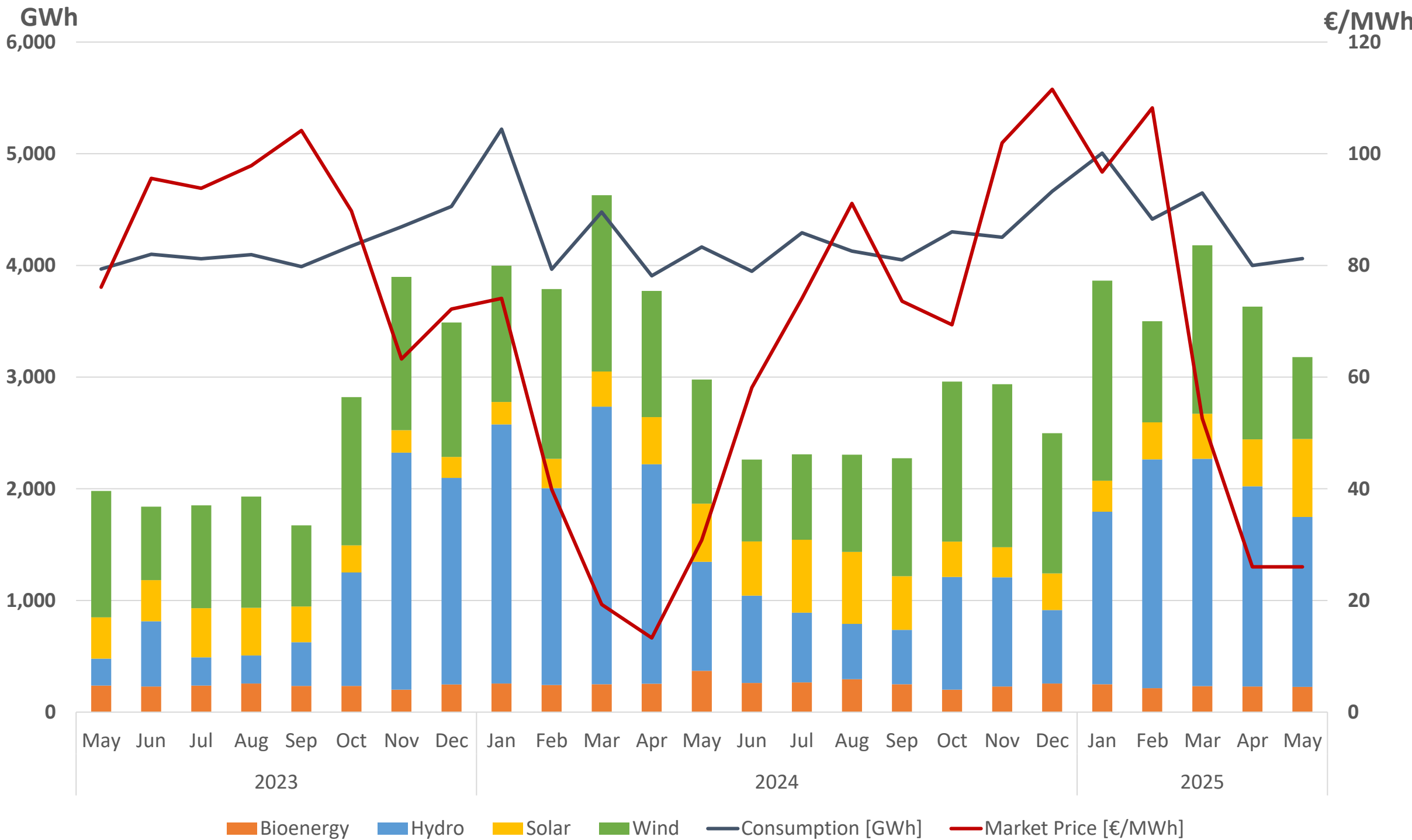
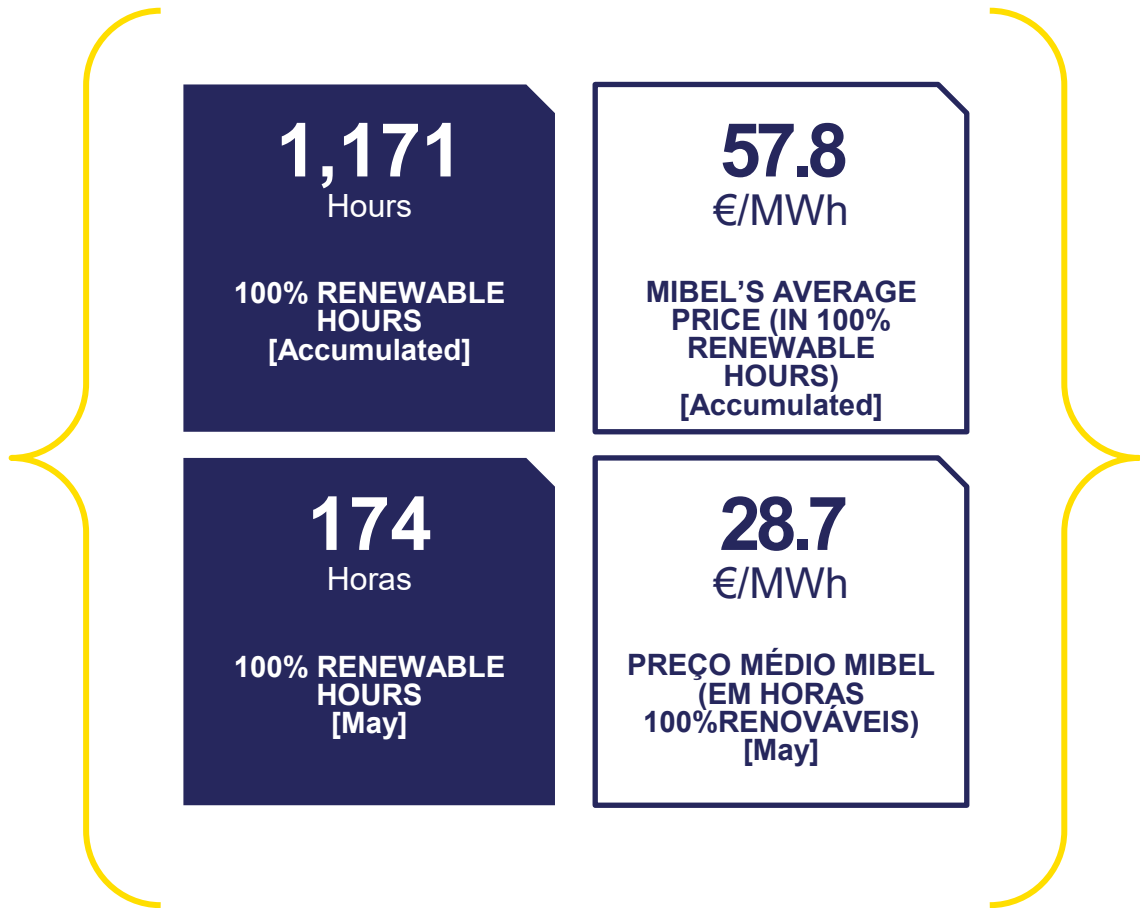


ELECTRICITY MARKET

PORTUGAL

Between 1 January and 31 May, the average hourly price recorded on **MIBEL in Portugal** (61.12 €/MWh^d) represents an increase of 72.0% compared to the same period last year.

In the same period, there were 1,171 non-consecutive hours in which renewable generation was sufficient to supply mainland Portugal's electricity consumption, with an average hourly price in MIBEL of 57.8 €/MWh.



^d arithmetic average of MIBEL prices.
Source: OMIE

Electricity aprket analysis, renewable generation, consumption and market price (May-2023 a May-2025)
Source: OMIE, APREN analysis

RENEWABLE ELECTRICITY

EUROPE

During the month of May 2025, there was **a minimum hourly price in MIBEL** in Portugal of -1.00 €/MWh*.

The maximum hourly price was 135.0 €/MWh*.

▽ MINIMUM PRICES (May)

1° Austria Germany	€/MWh -250.32
2° France	€/MWh -118.01
3° Denmark ^{DK1}	€/MWh -22.78

△ MAXIMUM PRICES (May)

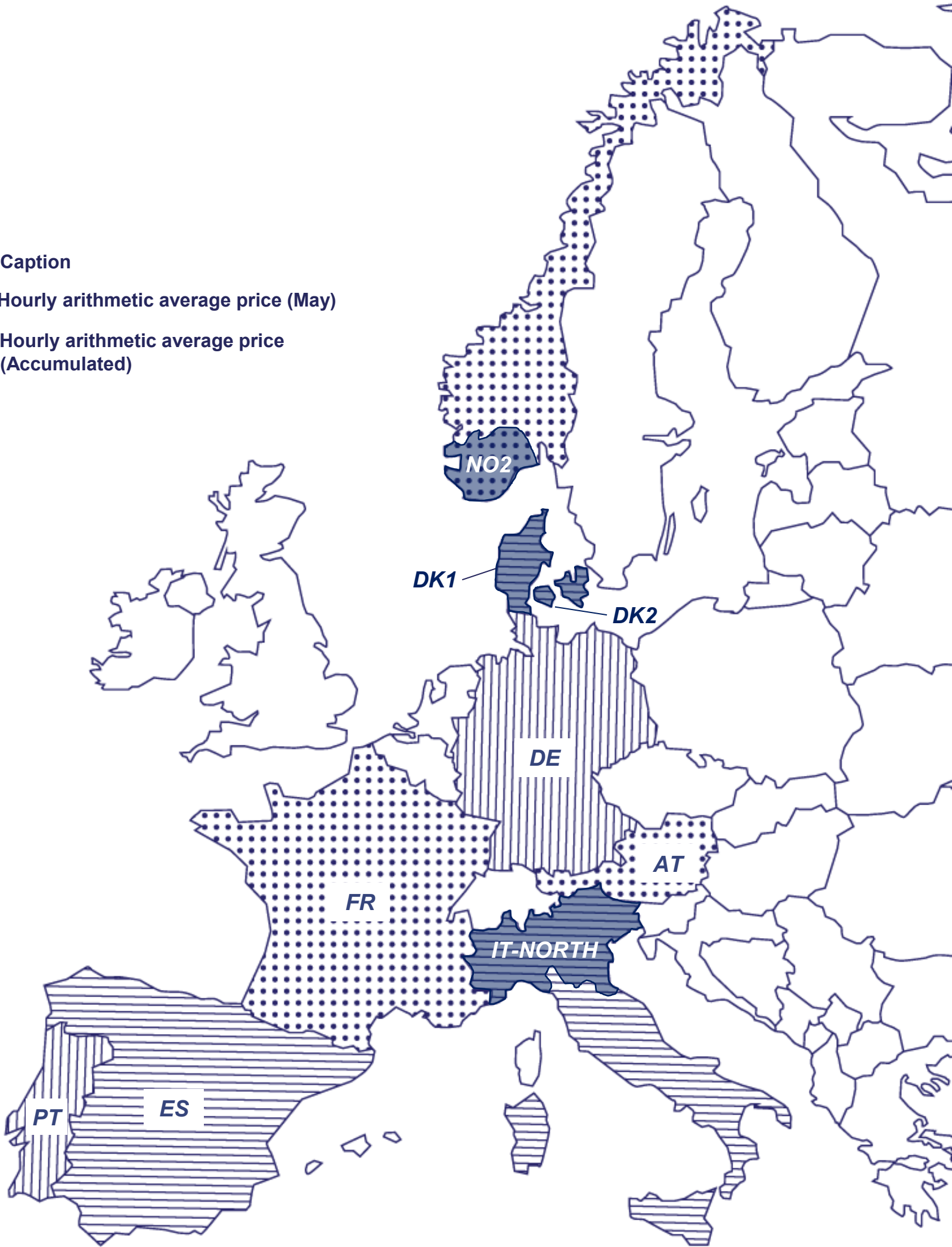
1° Austria Germany	€/MWh 229.11
2° Denmark ^{DK1}	€/MWh 212.97
3° Denmark ^{DK2}	€/MWh 212.92

Portugal €/MWh	25.67	61.12
Espanha €/MWh	16.84	59.57
França €/MWh	19.29	71.85
Itália ^{IT-NORD} €/MWh	93.42	122.06
Alemanha €/MWh	67.33	96.04
Áustria €/MWh	67.33	104.84
Dinamarca ^{DK1} €/MWh	64.17	86.48
Dinamarca ^{DK2} €/MWh	64.85	87.45
Noruega ^{NO2} €/MWh	n.a.	n.a.

Caption

● Hourly arithmetic average price (May)

● Hourly arithmetic average price (Accumulated)



Source: ENTSO-E. OMIE, APREN Analysis

Note: given recent changes in the data reporting format by the ENTSO-E platform, the price values presented correspond to the bidding zones, when applicable. As such, in the case of Italy, Denmark and Norway only the bidding zones with interconnection with neighbouring countries were considered.

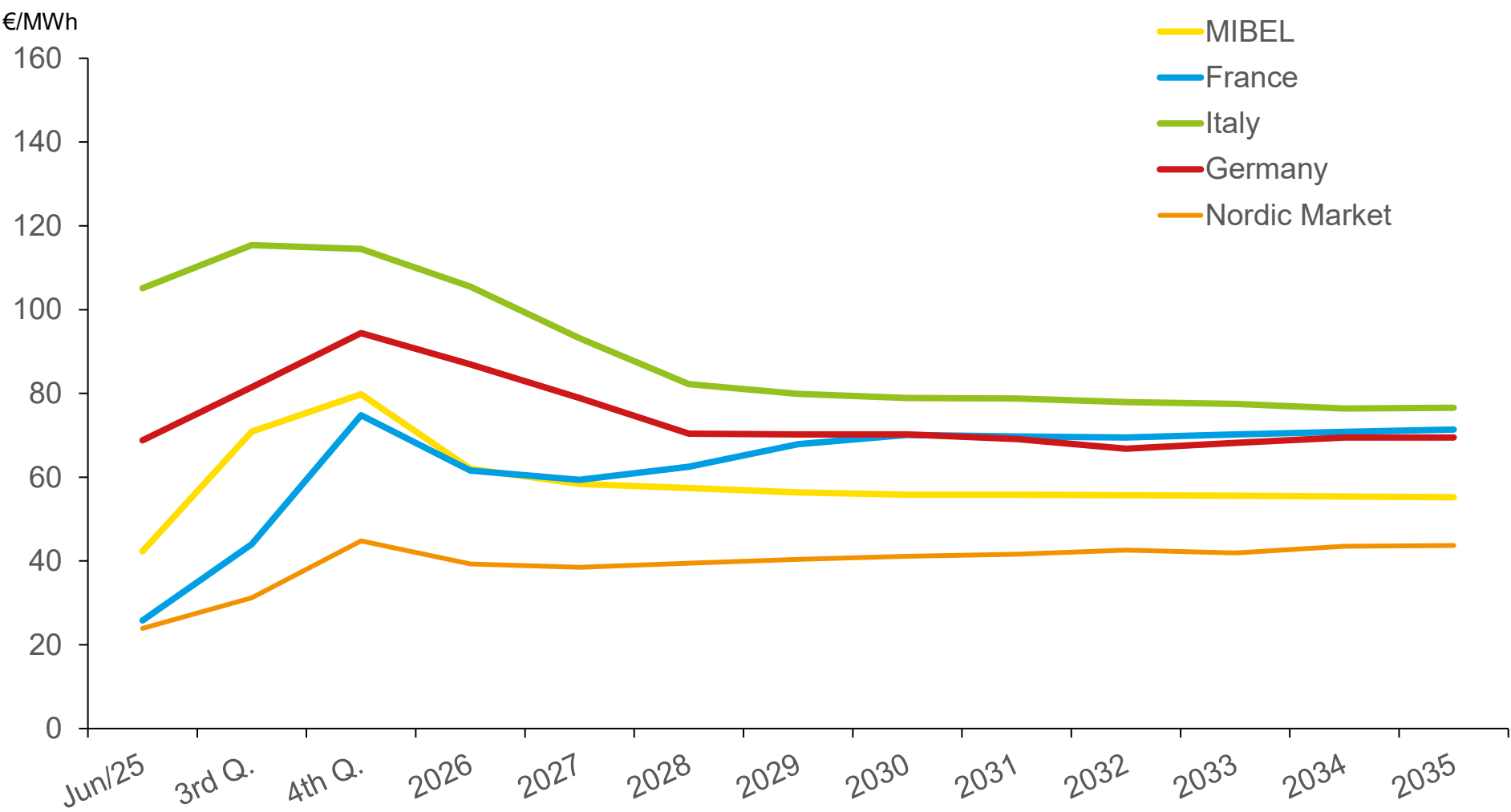
* Due to the unavailability of information on the OMIE platform, it is currently not possible to provide data regarding market closing technologies.

ELECTRICITY MARKET FUTURES

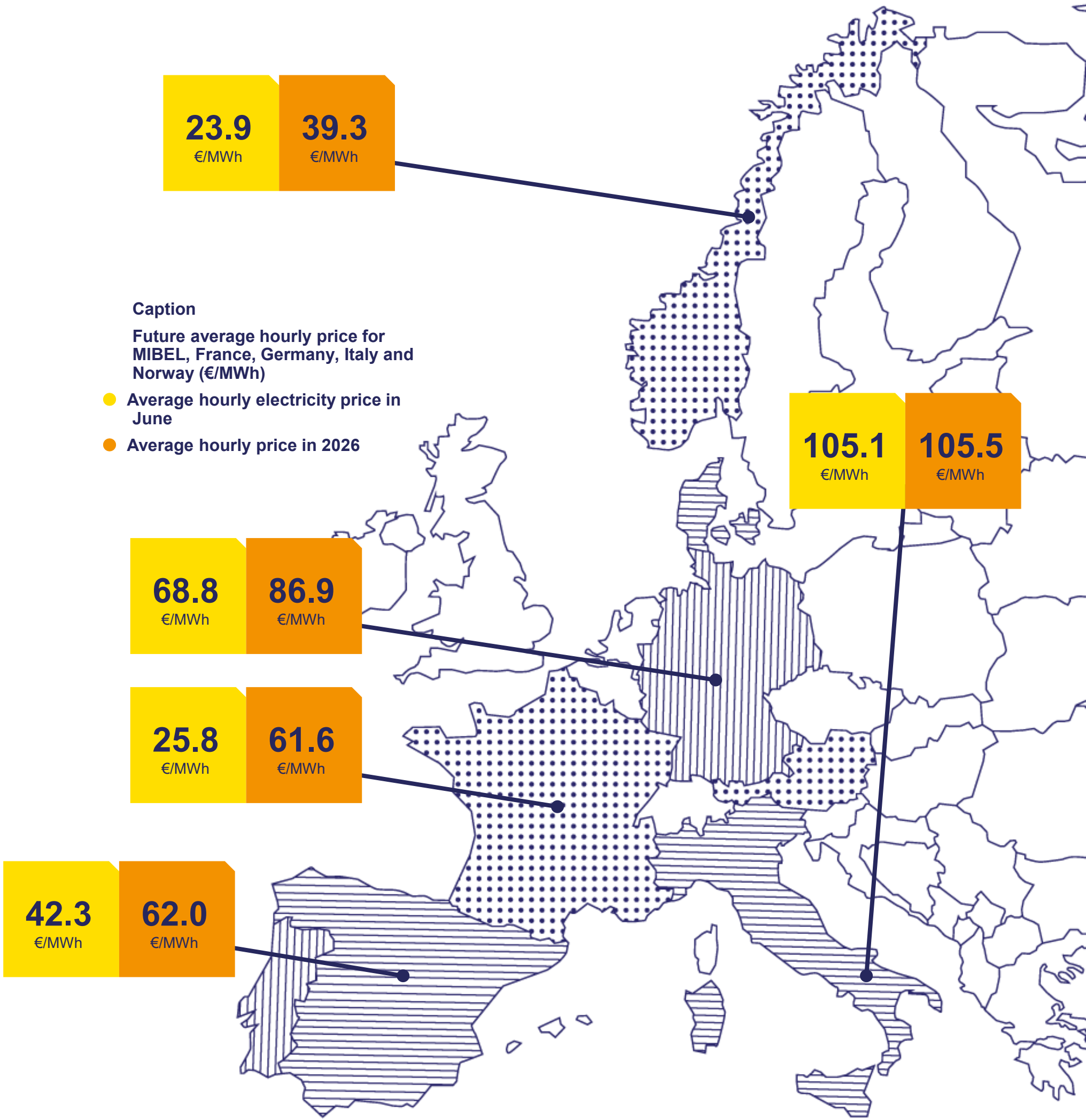
In the European futures market panorama, example is provided for the **average hourly price** values for next month (June) and next year (2026), according to the records for a specific day^e.

At the time of collection, in May 2025, MIBEL will be the third lowest electricity futures market. From a long-term perspective, and according to the data for the selected day^e, MIBEL will have the second lowest values **until 2035**, due to investment in renewable production.

The evolution of the average hourly future price shown is calculated based on electricity purchase and sale contracts. However, it should be emphasised that the respective volumes traded represent very low quantities when compared to the countries' consumption.



^e values updated as of 3rd of June.
Source: OMIP, EEX, APREN Analysis



Caption
Future average hourly price for MIBEL, France, Germany, Italy and Norway (€/MWh)
● Average hourly electricity price in June
● Average hourly price in 2026

INTERNATIONAL TRADES

EUROPE

Between 1 January and 31 May 2025, the electricity system in mainland Portugal recorded **electricity imports** equivalent to 4,006 GWh and **exports** of 2,569 GWh.

Up until this month, Portugal was characterised as an electricity **importer**, with a balance of 1,437 GWh.

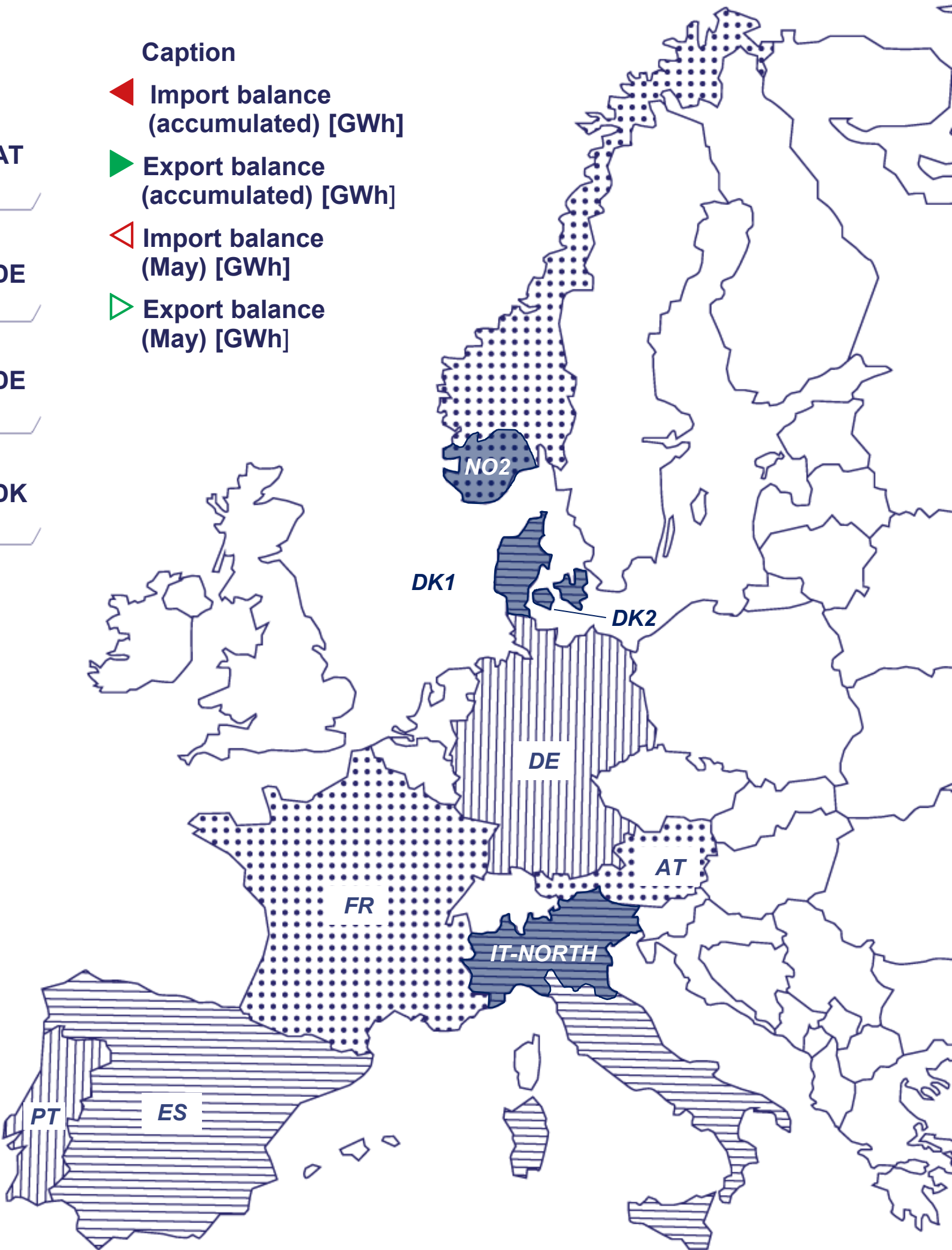
PT	1,437	266	ES	DE	3,425	376	AT
ES	1,069	445	MA	DK	3,792	183	DE
FR	3,323	285	ES	NO	2,861	366	DE
IT	10,188	2,115	FR	NO	2,159	195	DK
DE	6,550	1,640	FR				

Caption

- Import balance (accumulated) [GWh]
- Export balance (accumulated) [GWh]
- Import balance (May) [GWh]
- Export balance (May) [GWh]

MAIN INDICATOR FOR PT-ES INTERCONNECTION

usage	11.8% (may)	17.2% (jan-may)	42.1% (may)	30.6% (jan-may)
congestion	0.9% (may)	2.0% (jan-may)	36.4% (may)	11.3% (jan-may)
market split	66.8% (may)	32.0% (jan-may)	47.2% (may)	67.7% (jan-may)



Source: ENTSO-E, OMIE, APREN Analysis
Note: given recent changes in the data reporting format by the ENTSO-E platform, the price values presented correspond to the bidding zones, when applicable. As such, in the case of Italy, Denmark and Norway only the bidding zones with interconnection with neighbouring countries were considered.

POWER PRODUCTION EMISSIONS

Between 1 January and 31 May 2025, **specific emissions** reached 43.9 gCO₂-eq/kWh, giving total emissions from the electricity generation sector of 0.99 MtCO₂-eq.

The **European CO₂ Emissions Trading Scheme (ETS)** recorded a price of 70.9 €/tCO₂^d, which represents a reduction of 12.9% compared to the same period in 2024.

0.99
MtCO₂eq

SECTOR'S EMISSIONS

70.9
€/tCO₂

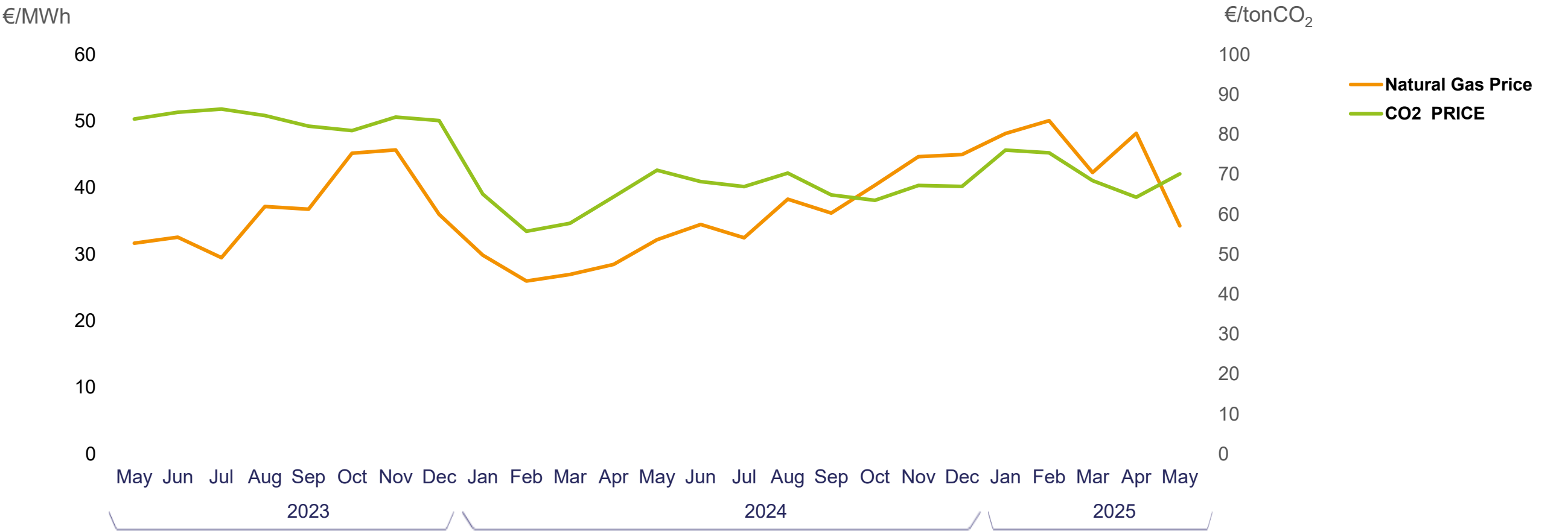
AVERAGE ALLOWANCE PRICE

31.6
%

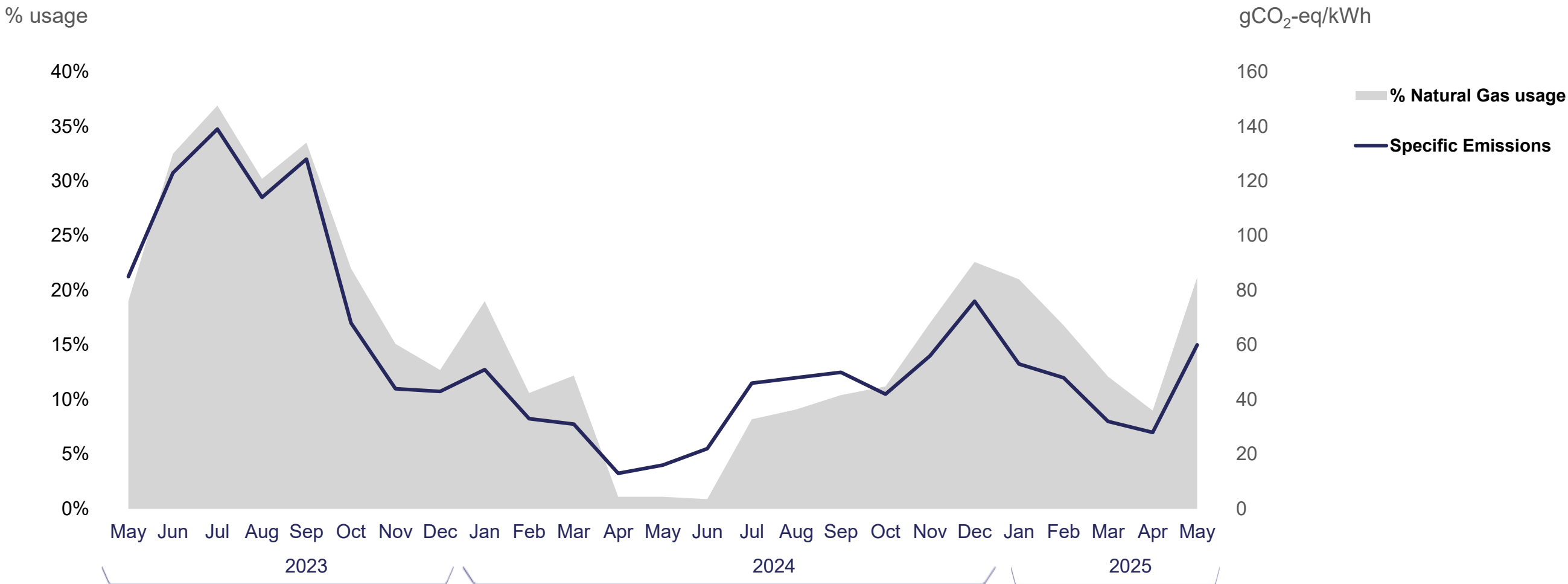
COMPARED TO MAR 2024
[Accumulated]

12.9
%

COMPARED TO MAR 2024
[Accumulated]



Price of CO₂ allowances in the ETS and price of natural gás in Europe (May-2023 a May-2025).
Source: SendeCO2, WorldBank, REN



Specific emissions from the electricity sector in mainland Portugal, % use of coal and natural gas power stations (May-2023 to May-2025).
Source: REN, DGEG, ERSE, APREN Analysis

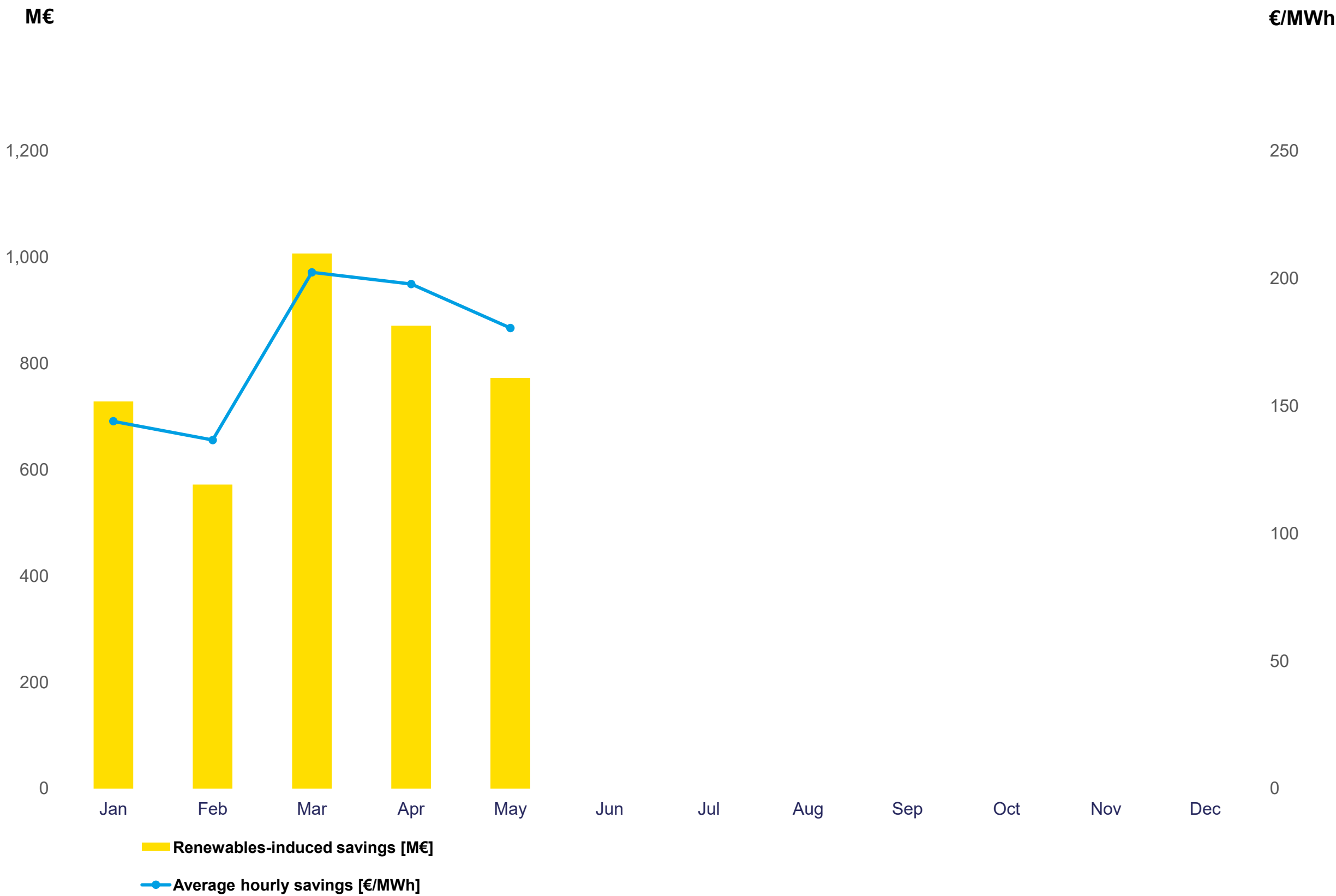
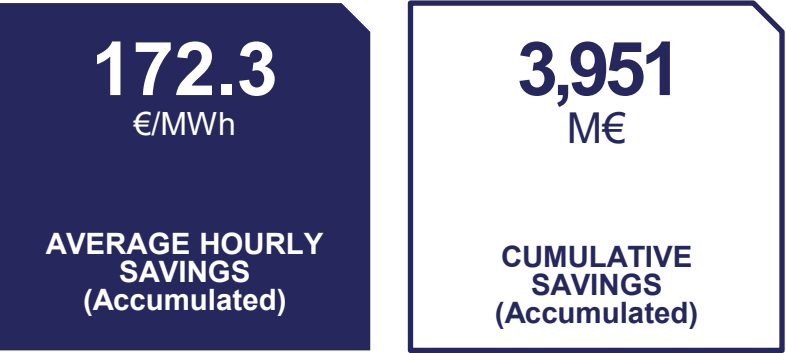
^d Arithmetic mean of the hourly prices
Source: OMIE, MIBGAS.

SIMULATION OF PRICE FORMATION WITHOUT SPECIAL REGIME PRODUCTION (PRE)

RENEWABLES HAVE AVOIDED:

The indicators below identify the savings achieved by the **Order of Merit** between the 1st of January and the 31st of May of 2025 given the contribution of special regime production (PRE).

This study is carried out for PRE, which includes all installed fossil cogeneration power. Considering that the capacity equivalent to this technology within PRE is residual and that the other technologies are renewable, the figures are close to the real savings generated by renewables.

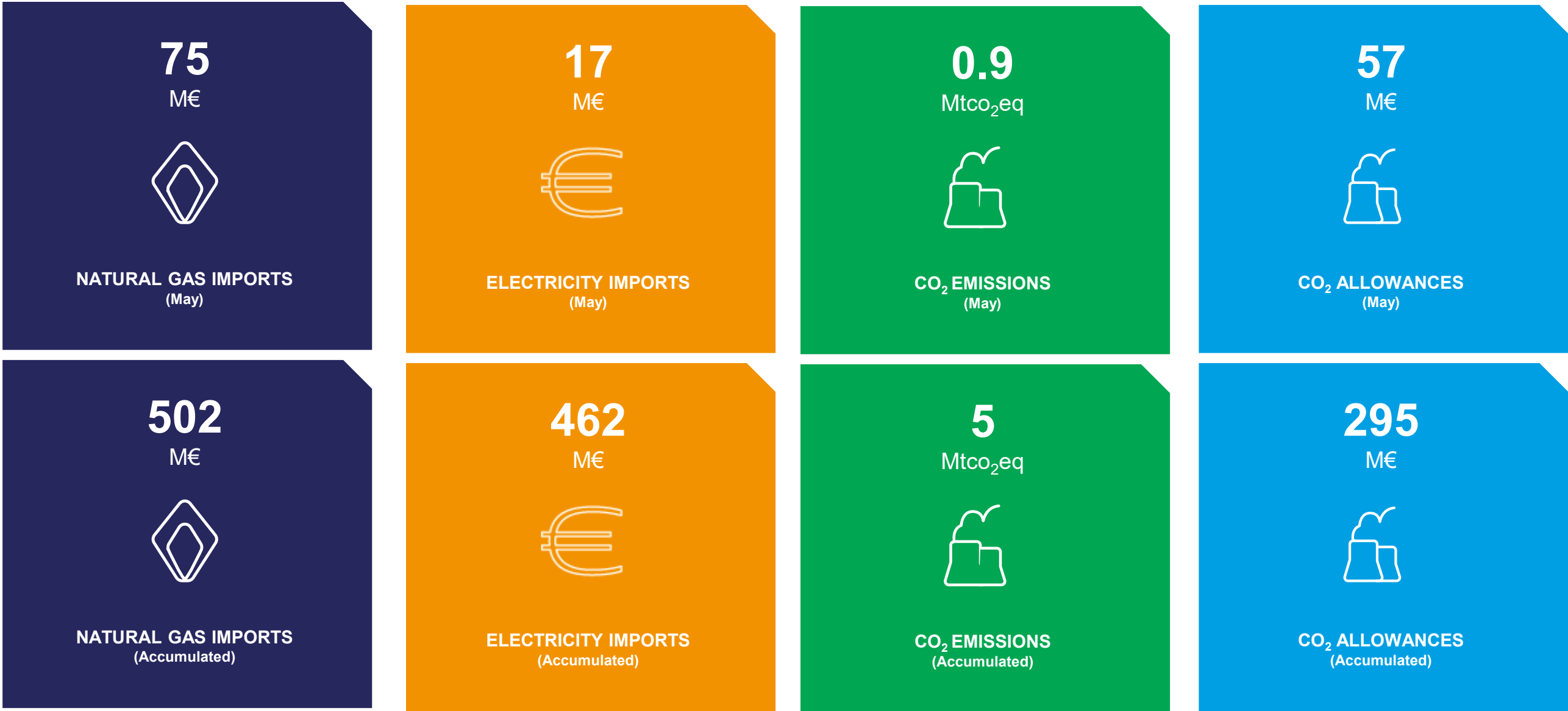


ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICE

RENEWABLES AVOIDED:

The indicators below identify the **savings** achieved between the 1st of January and the 31st of May of 2025 in natural gas, CO₂ emissions and CO₂ emission allowances, because of incorporating renewables into electricity generation.

This analysis assumes that, in the absence of renewables, production would be ensured primarily by natural gas, followed by electricity imports.



Source: OMIE, APREN Analysis

RENEWABLE INSTALLED CAPACITY

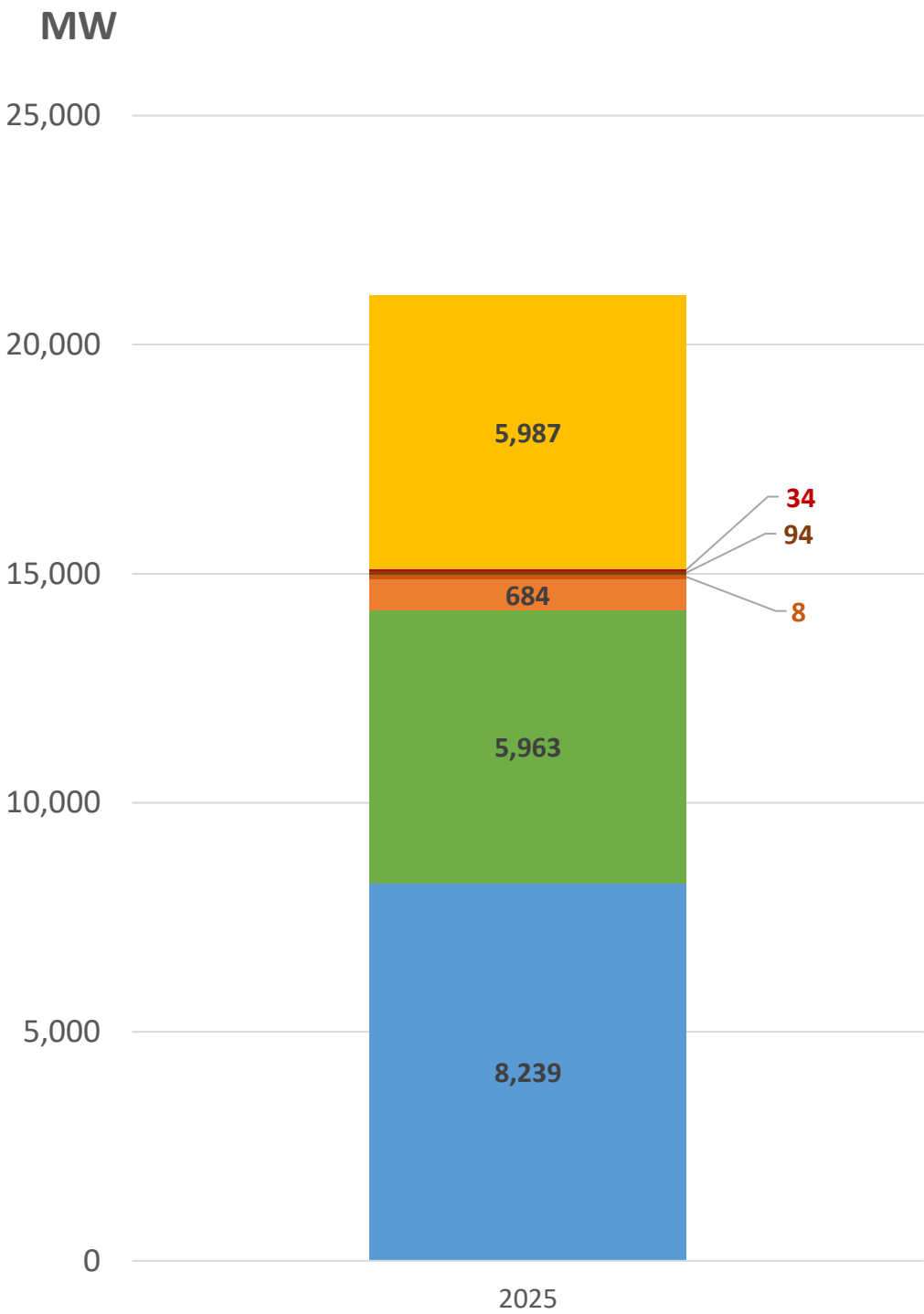
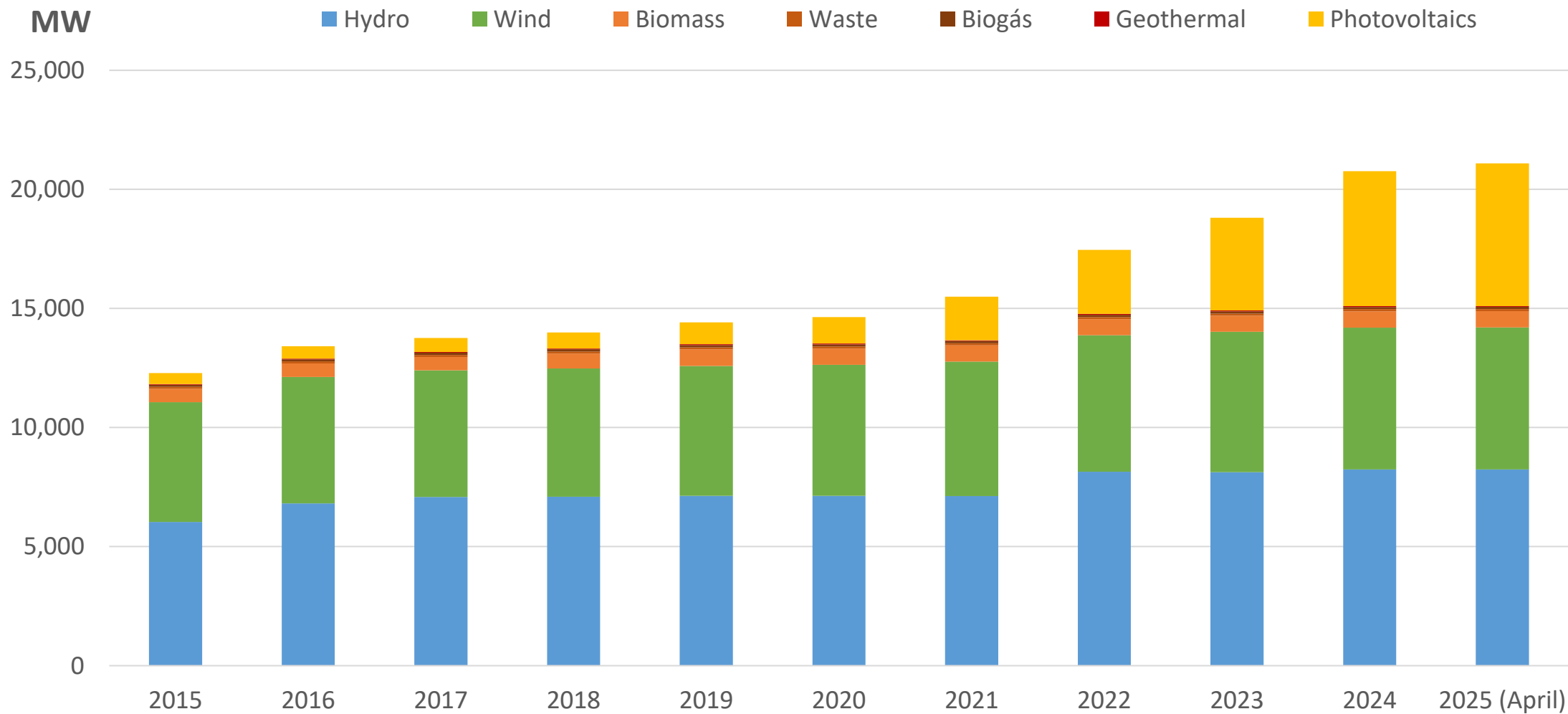
PORTUGAL

From 2015 to 2025 (April), installed renewable capacity increased by 8,807 MW, representing growth of 71.7%.

From December 2024 to April 2025, installed capacity increased by 323 MW, especially solar photovoltaic technology, which grew by 186 MW in the centralised component and 198 MW in the decentralised component.

At the end of April 2025, renewable capacity accounted for around 78.3% of total installed capacity in Portugal.

APRIL 2025



Source: DGEG, APREN Analysis
Nota: information available at the source with one month of delay to the month under analysis.

20
25

**APREN
DEPARTAMENTO TÉCNICO
E COMUNICAÇÃO**

Av. da República 59 – 2º andar
1050-189 Lisboa
(+351) 213 151 621

**apren@apren.pt
apren.pt**

