RENEWABLE ELECTRICITY BULLETIN

SEPTEMBER 2025

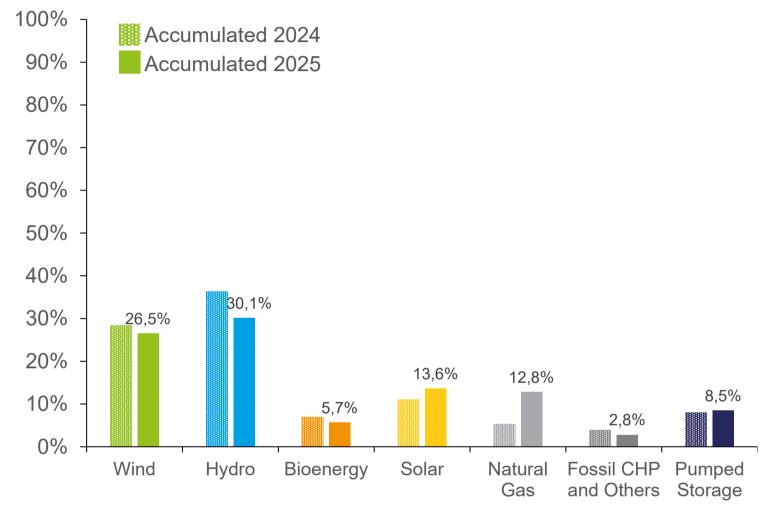
PORTUGAL NEEDS OUR ENERGY

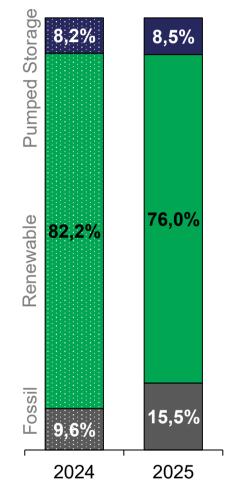




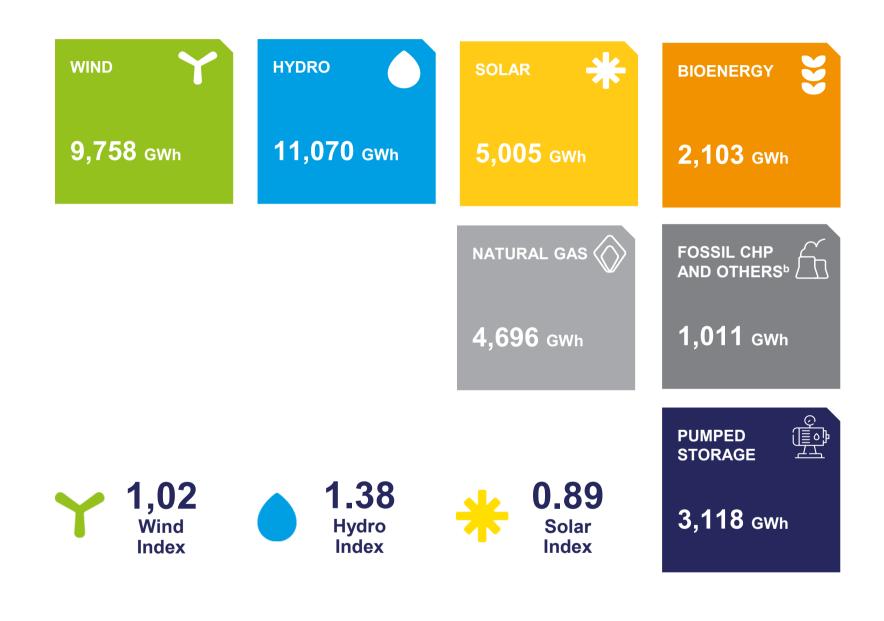


EXECUTIVE SUMMARYCUMULATIVE GENERATION SEPTEMBER 2025





MAIN INDICATORS



COMPARING TO THE SAME PERIOD IN 2024



5000

76.0 Renewable

Incorporation in Generation

0

GWh
39,151
consumption^c

9.2%

GWh 6,302
Net Imports

€/MWh 64.0 MIBEL PT Price €/tCO₂ **71.5**CO₂ Price

MtCO₂-eq
2.07
CO₂ Emissions

gCO₂-eq/kWh
56.4
CO₂ Specific Emissions

a Generation refers to the net energy generation of the power stations, considering the pumping production recently disclosed by REN. Production from pumping is not included in the percentage of production from renewable sources.

b Includes fuel oil, diesel, the non-biodegradable fraction of MSW and new waste.

c Consumption refers to the net generation of energy by power stations, considering the import-export balance. **Source**: REN, APREN Analysis

RENEWABLE

67.8%

STORAGE IN

DAMS

MONTHLY ANALYSIS IN MAINLAND PORTUGAL

SEPTEMBER 2025

Between 1 and 30 of September 2025, the renewable incorporation equaled 67.8%, making up 2,476 GWh of the 3,654 GWh produced in the month under review.

Compared to September 2024, there was a 21.0% increase in national electricity production. This was due to an increment of 152 GWh from solar production and 369 GWh from natural gas generation.

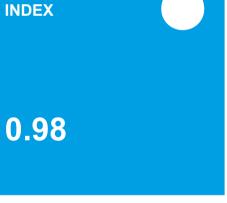
In September 2025, imports totaled 26.3 % of the electricity consumption in mainland Portugal.

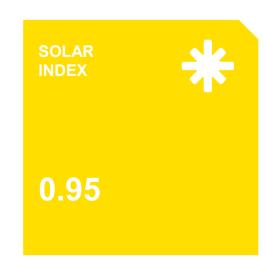
There wasn't any curtailment of production recorded in September.

30.4% Wind 3.2% **Fossil CHP and** othersb **FOSSIL** 19.9% 13.2% 16.7% Hydro Natural gas 7.0% **Bioenergy** 17.3% Solar **PUMPED STORAGE** 12.4%









MAIN INDICATORS COMPARING TO **SEPTEMBER 2024**



21.0%





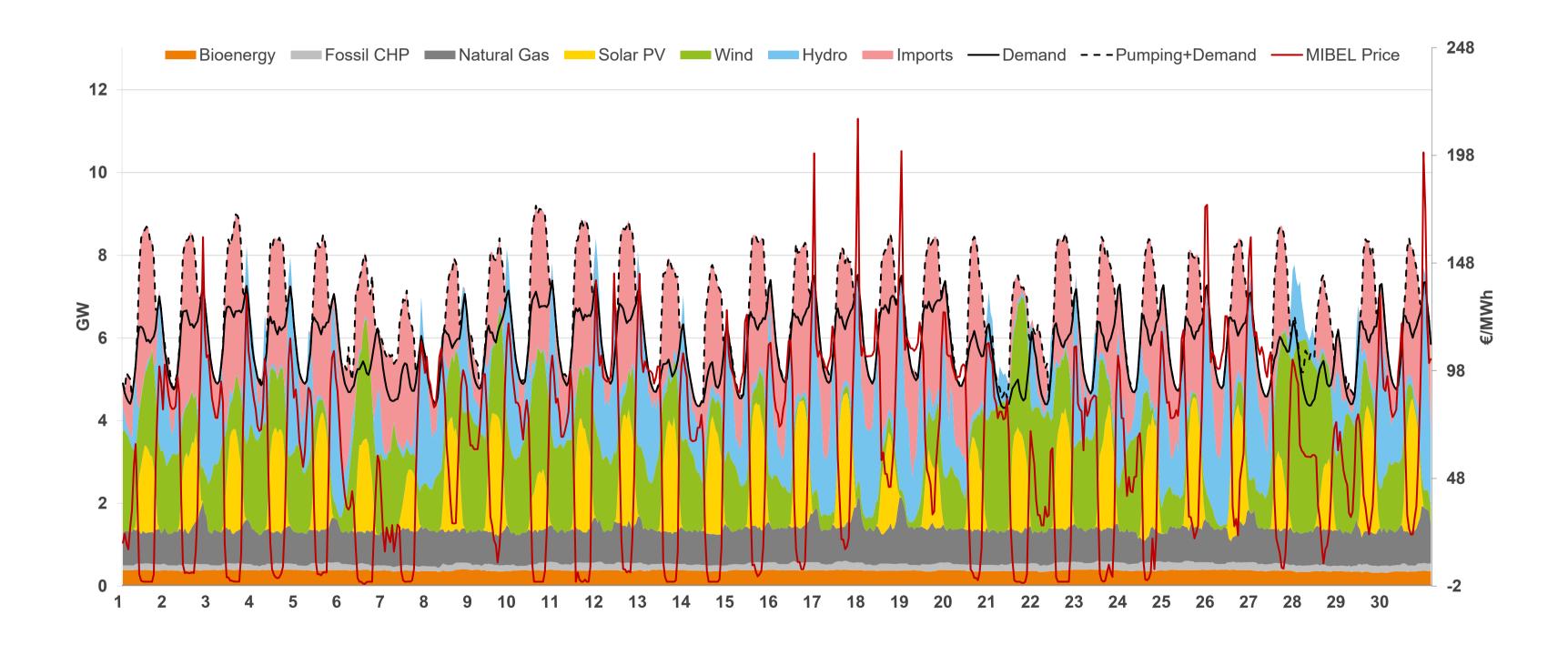


a Generation refers to the net energy generation of the power stations, considering the pumping production recently disclosed by REN. Production from pumping is not included in the percentage of production from renewable sources. b Includes fuel oil, diesel, the non-biodegradable fraction of MSW and new waste.

c Consumption refers to the net generation of energy by power stations, considering the import-export balance. Source: REN, APREN Analysis

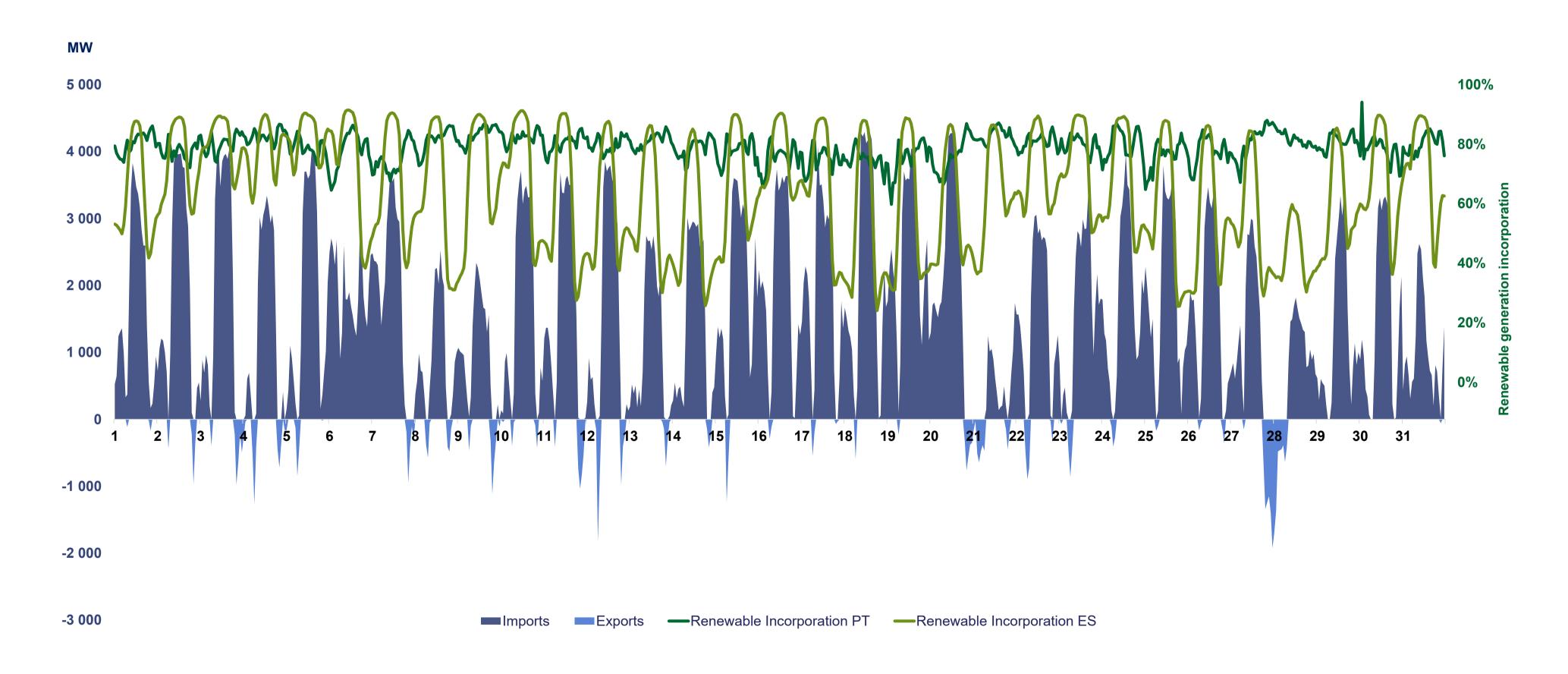


MONTHLY ANALYSIS IN MAINLAND PORTUGAL LOAD DIAGRAM FOR AUGUST 2025



MONTHLY ANALYSIS IN MAINLAND PORTUGAL **IMPORTS AND EXPORTS DIAGRAM**

SEPTEMBER 2025





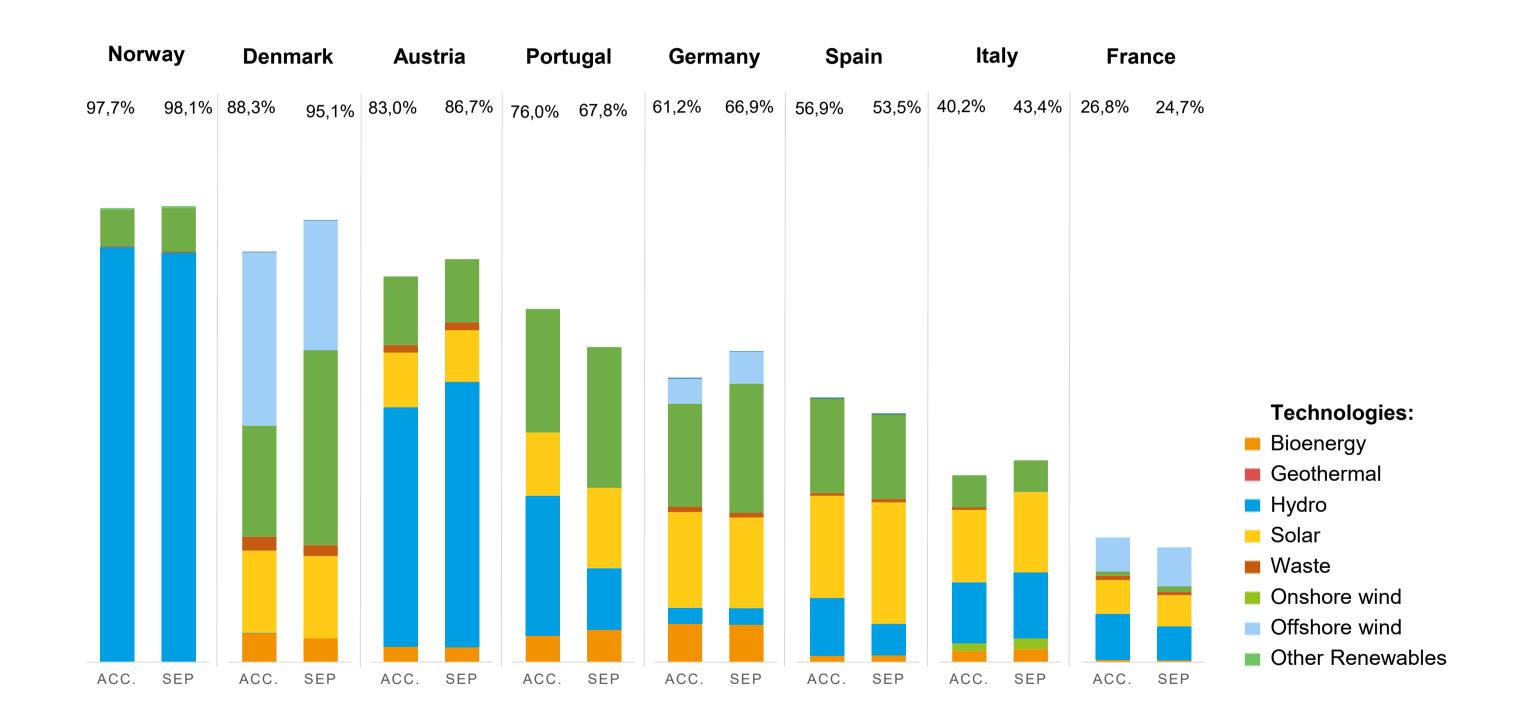
RENEWABLE ELECTRICITY EUROPE

In this analysis, only the main countries in the different European markets were considered, in order to obtain a representative overview for comparison.

Between 1 January and 30 September 2025, Portugal was the fourth country with the highest share of renewable energy in electricity generation, with 76.0%, behind Norway, Denmark and Austria, which achieved 97.7%, 88.3% and 83.0%, respectively.

The renewable technologies with the largest share of the European electricity generation mix this month were wind, solar and hydro.



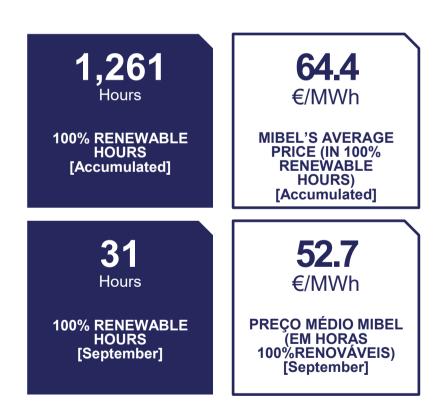


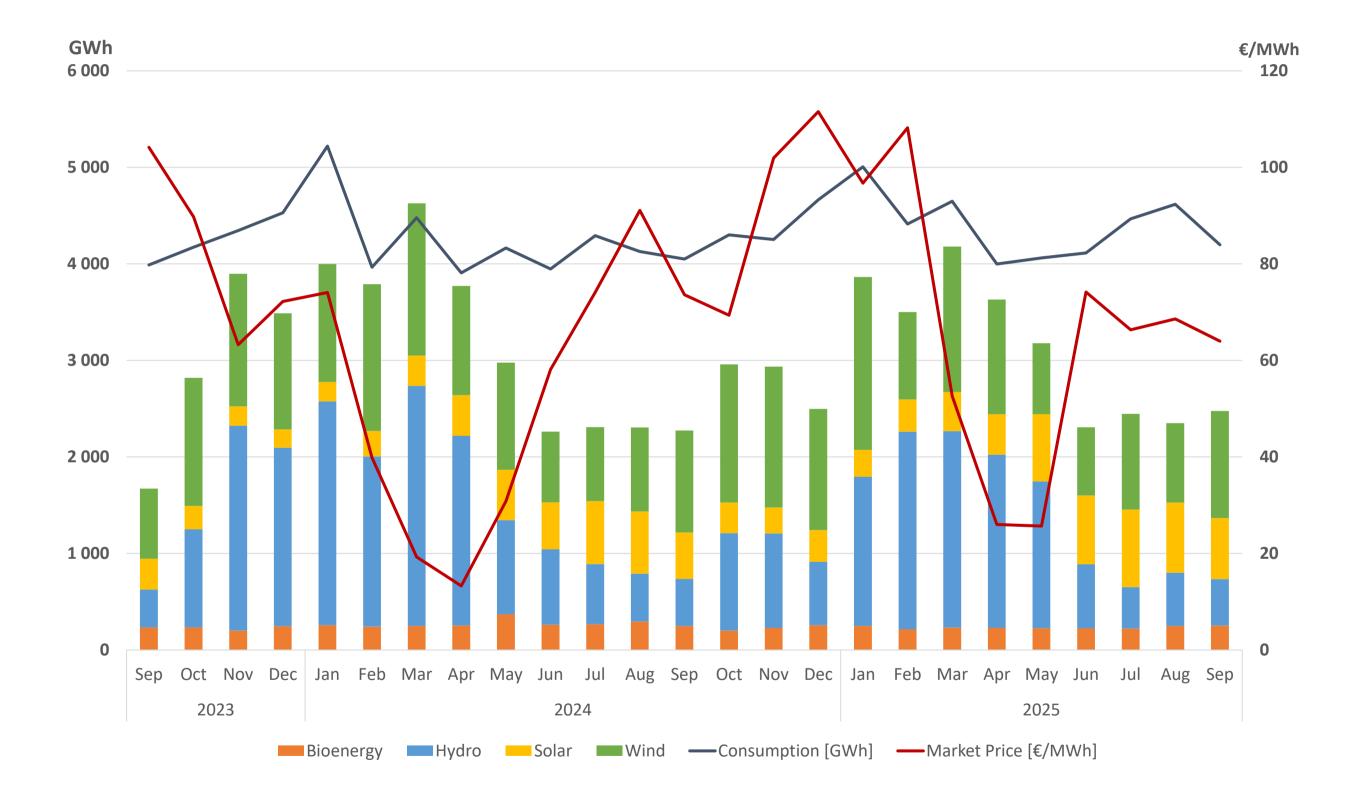


ELECTRICITY MARKET PORTUGAL

Between January 1 and September 30, the average hourly price recorded on **MIBEL** in **Portugal** (64,0 €/MWh^d) represents an increase of 21.1% compared to the same period last year.

In the same period, there were 1,261 non-consecutive hours in which renewable generation was sufficient to supply mainland Portugal's electricity consumption, with an average hourly price in MIBEL of 64.4 €/MWh.





RENEWABLE ELECTRICITY EUROPE

During the month of September 2025, there was a minimum hourly price in MIBEL in Portugal of -0.99 €/MWh*.

The maximum hourly price was 215.0 €/MWh*.

MINIMUM PRICES (SEP)		△ MAXIMUM (SEP)	△ MAXIMUM PRICES (SEP)	
1º Austria France Germany	€/MWh -53.4	1º Austria Denmark ^{DK1} Germany	€/MWh 413.7	
2° Denmark ^{DK1}	€/MWh -34.0	2° Denmark ^{DK2}	€/MWh 410.5	
3° Denmark ^{DK2}	€/MWh -1.61	3° Portugal Spain	€/MWh 215.0	

Portugal €/MWh	61.3	64.0 63.4 60.8
Spain €/MWh	61.1	
France €/MWh	34.8	
Italy ^{IT-NORD} €/MWh	107.5	116.4
Germany €/MWh	83.5	88.0
Austria €/MWh	92.3	93.9
Denmark ^{DK1} €/MWh	72.4	80.0
Denmark ^{DK2} €/MWh	83.3	81.4
Norway ^{NO2} €/MWh	60.0	66.7

Caption Hourly arithmetic average price (Seo) Hourly arithmetic average price (Accumulated) IT-NORTH ES

Source: ENTSO-E. OMIE, APREN Analysis

Note: given recent changes in the data reporting format by the ENTSO-E platform, the price values presented correspond to the bidding zones, when applicable. As such, in the case of Italy, Denmark and Norway only the bidding zones with interconnection with neighbouring countries were considered.

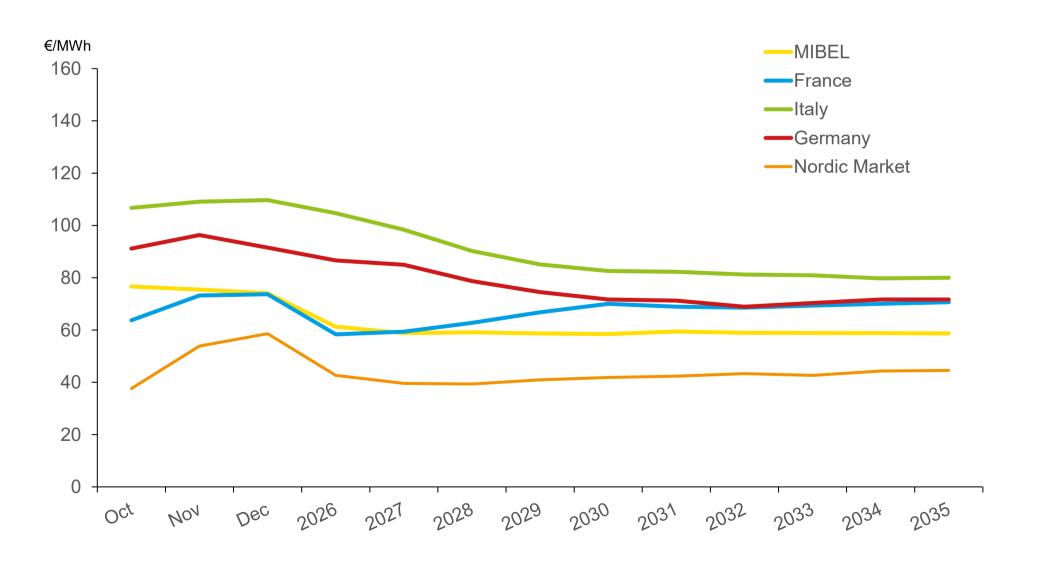
* Due to the unavailability of information on the OMIE platform, it is currently not possible to provide data regarding market closing technologies.

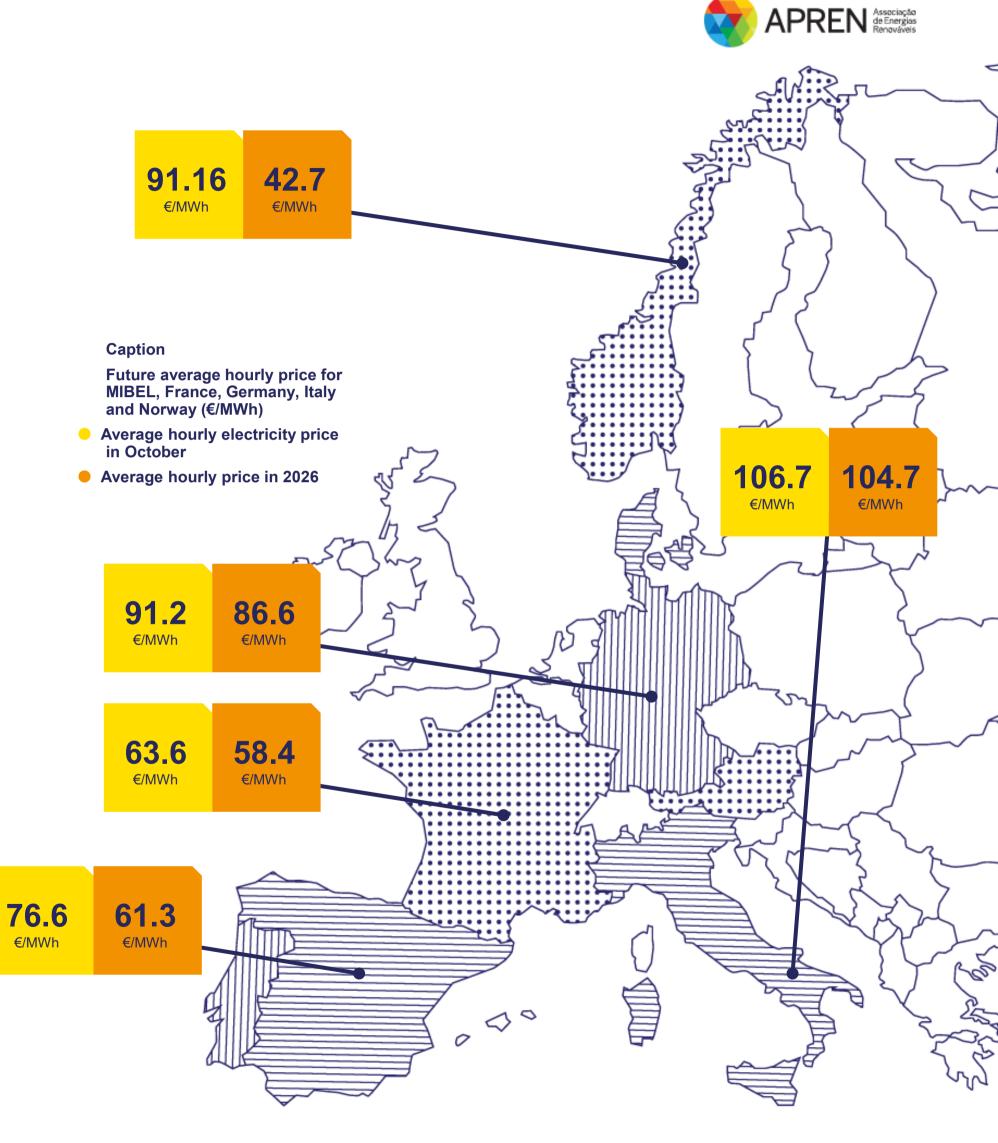
ELECTRICITY MARKET FUTURES

In the European futures market panorama, example is provided for the **average hourly price** values for next month (October) and next year (2026), according to the records for a specific day^e.

At the time of collection, in September 2025, MIBEL will be the third lowest electricity futures market. From a long-term perspective, and according to the data for the selected day^e, MIBEL will have the second lowest values **until 2035**, due to investment in renewable production.

The evolution of the average hourly future price shown is calculated based on electricity purchase and sale contracts. However, it should be emphasized that the respective volumes traded represent very low quantities when compared to the countries' consumption.





e values updated as of 5th of October.

Source: OMIP, EEX, APREN Analysis

APREN Associação de Energias Renováveis

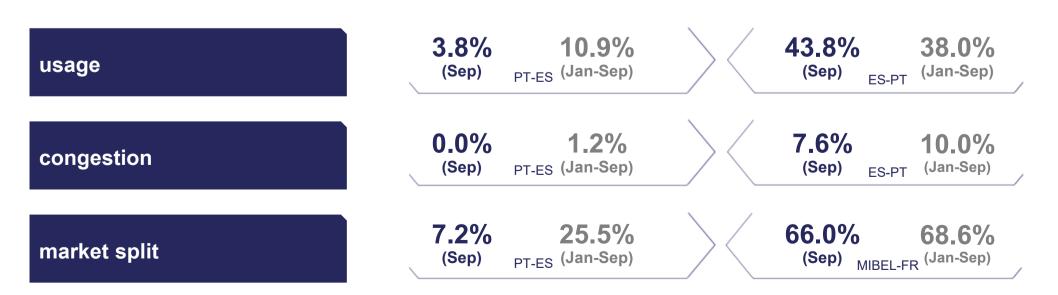
INTERNATIONAL TRADES EUROPE

Between 1 January and 30 September 2025, the electricity system in mainland Portugal recorded **electricity imports** equivalent to 9,766 GWh and **exports** of 3,464 GWh.

Up until this month, Portugal was characterized as an electricity **importer**, with a **balance** of 6.302 GWh.



MAIN INDICATOR FOR PT-ES INTERCONNECTION



Caption **■ Import balance** (accumulated) [GWh] **Export balance** (accumulated) [GWh] **✓** Import balance (Sep) [GWh] **Export balance** (Sep) [GWh] DK1 IT-NORTH ES 000

Source: ENTSO-E, OMIE, APREN Analysis

Natural Gas Price

—CO2 PRICE

POWER PRODUCTION EMISSIONS

Between 1 January and 30 September 2025, specific emissions reached 56.4 gCO₂-eq/kWh, giving total emissions from the electricity generation sector of 2.07 MtCO₂-eq.

The European CO₂ Emissions Trading Scheme (ETS) recorded a price of 71.5 €/tCO₂d, which represents an increase of 10.1% compared to the same period in 2024.



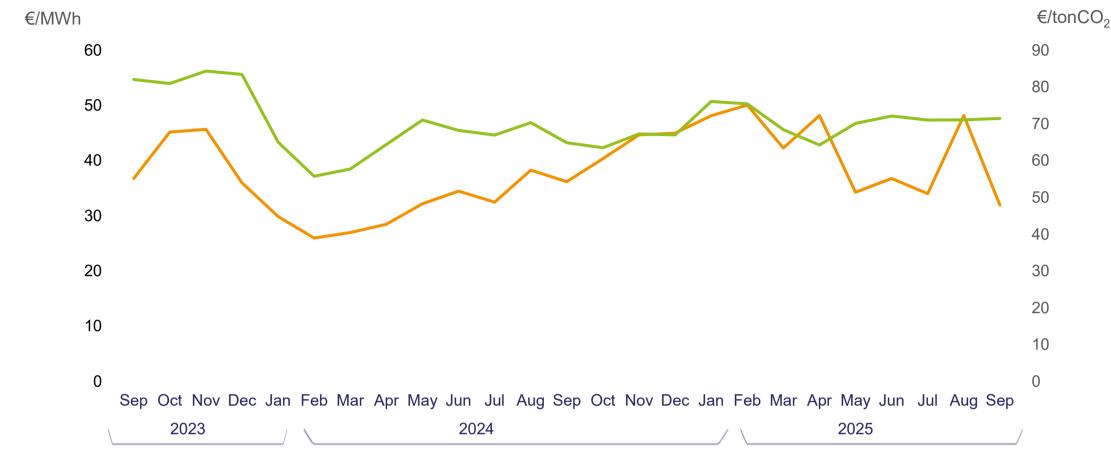
71.5 €/tCO₂ AVERAGE ALLOWANCE PRICE

43.6

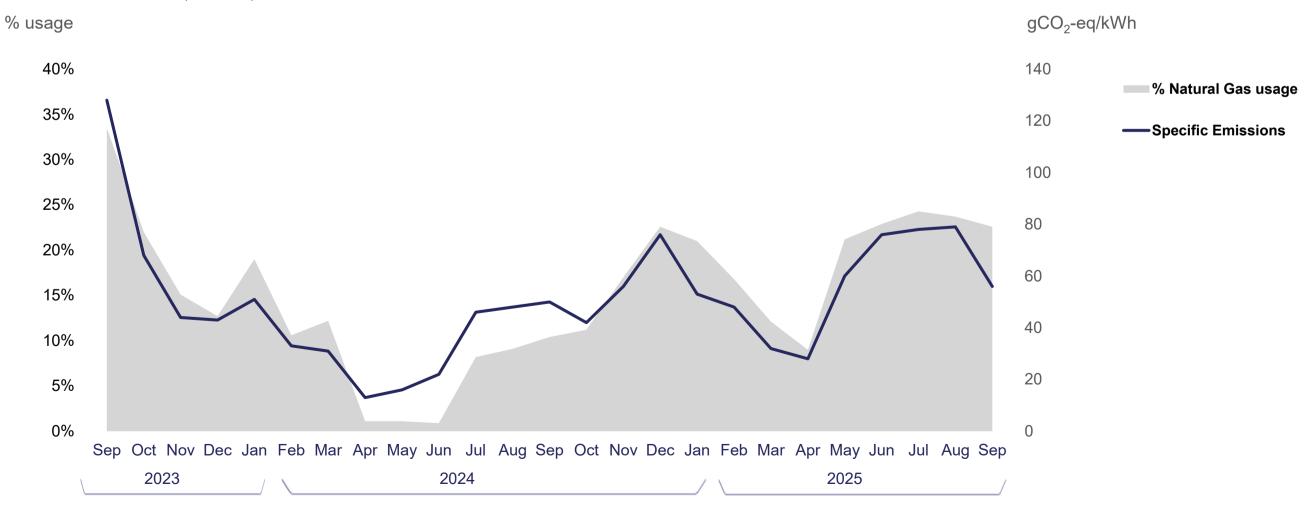
COMPARED TO SEP 2024 [Accumulated]

10.1

COMPARED TO SEP [Accumulated]



Price of CO₂ allowances in the ETS and price of natural gás in Europe (Aug-2023 to Aug-2025). Source: SendeCO2, WorldBank, REN



Specific emissions from the electricity sector in mainland Portugal, % use of coal and natural gas power stations (Jul-2023 to Jul-2025). Source: REN, DGEG, ERSE, APREN Analysis

APREN Associação de Energias Renováveis

SIMULATION OF PRICE FORMATION WITHOUT SPECIAL REGIME PRODUCTION (PRE)

RENEWABLES HAVE AVOIDED:

The indicators below identify the savings achieved by the **Order of Merit** between the 1st of January and the 30th of September of 2025 given the contribution of special regime production (PRE).

This study is carried out for PRE, which includes all installed fossil cogeneration power. Considering that the capacity equivalent to this technology within PRE is residual and that the other technologies are renewable, the figures are close to the real savings generated by renewables.







APREN Associação de Energias Renováveis

ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICE

RENEWABLES AVOIDED:

The indicators below identify the **savings** achieved between the 1st of January and the 30th of September of 2025 in natural gas, CO₂ emissions and CO₂ emission allowances, because of incorporating renewables into electricity generation.

This analysis assumes that, in the absence of renewables, production would be ensured primarily by natural gas, followed by electricity imports.





Source: OMIE, APREN Analysis

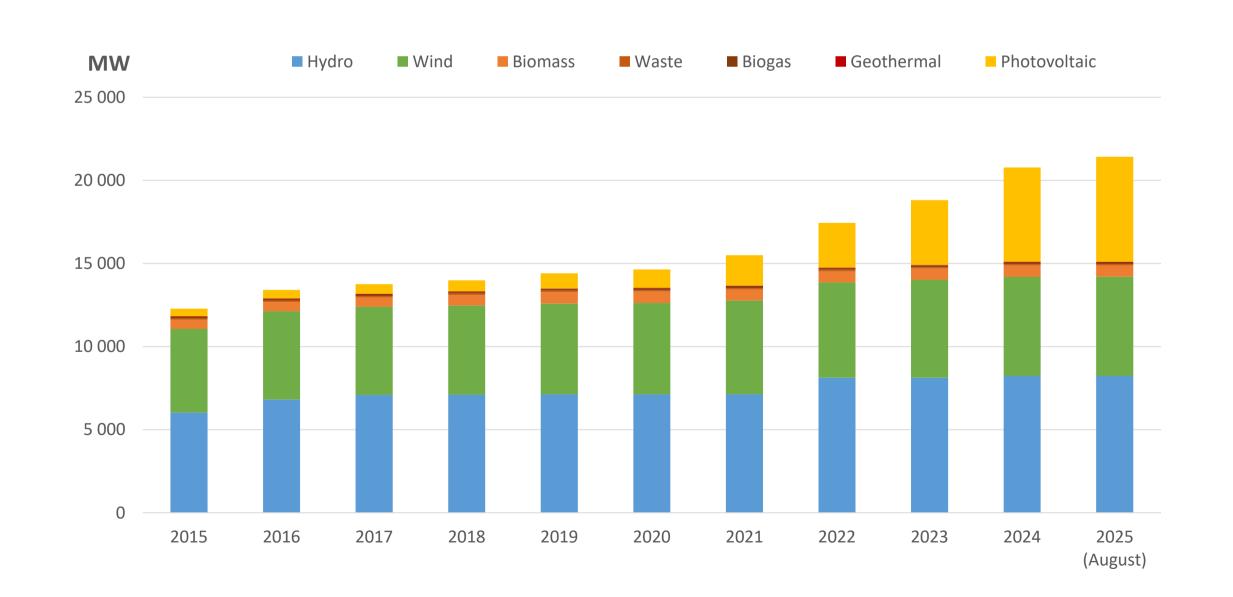


RENEWABLE INSTALLED CAPACITY PORTUGAL

From 2015 to 2025 (August), installed renewable capacity increased by 9,141 MW, representing growth of 74,4%.

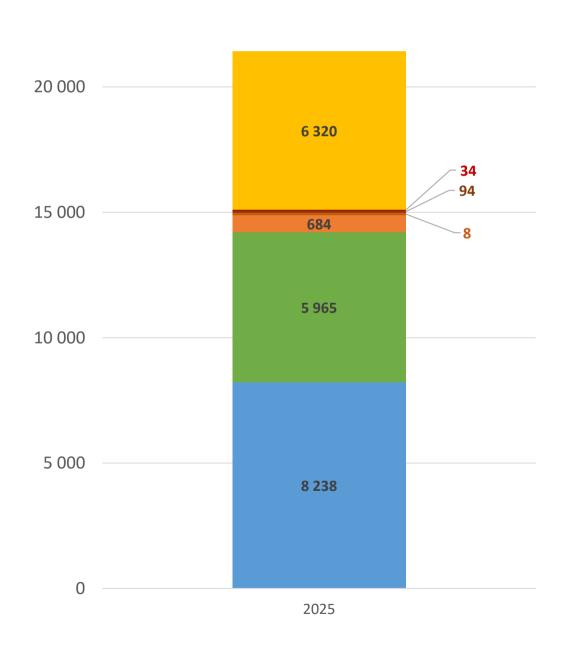
From December 2024 to July 2025, installed capacity increased by 647 MW, especially solar photovoltaic technology, which grew by 334 MW in the centralized component and 309 MW in the decentralized component.

At the end of August 2025, renewable capacity accounted for around 78.6% of total installed capacity in Portugal.



AUGUST 2025







APREN DEPARTAMENTO TÉCNICO E COMUNICAÇÃO

Av. da República 59 – 2º andar 1050-189 Lisboa (+351) 213 151 621

apren@apren.pt apren.pt









